## Consumer Analyst Group of New York

Ravi Saligram - President and Chief Executive Officer
Chris Peterson - Chief Financial Officer and President, Business Operations

## Forward Looking Statements





 statements include, but are not limited to:

- our ability to manage the demand, supply and operational challenges with the actual or perceived effects of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- our dependence on the strength of retail, commercial and industrial sectors of the economy in various countries around the world;
- competition with other manufacturers and distributors of consumer products;
- major retailers' strong bargaining power and consolidation of our customers;
- our ability to improve productivity, reduce complexity and streamline operations;
- our ability to develop innovative new products, to develop, maintain and strengthen end-user brands and to realize the benefits of increased advertising and promotion spend;
- our ability to remediate the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting and consistently maintain effective internal control over financial reporting;
- risks related to our substantial indebtedness, a potential increase in interest rates or changes in our credit ratings;
- future events that could adversely affect the value of our assets and/or stock price and require additional impairment charges
- unexpected costs or expenses associated with divestitures;
- our ability to effectively execute our turnaround plan:
- changes in the prices and availability of labor, transportation, raw materials and sourced products and our ability to obtain them in a timely manner:
- the impact of governmental investigations, inspections, lawsuits, legislative requests or other actions by third parties;
- the risks inherent to our foreign operations, including currency fluctuations, exchange controls and pricing restrictions;
- a failure of one of our key information technology systems, networks, processes or related controls or those of our service providers;
- the impact of U.S. and foreign regulations on our operations, including the impact of tariffs and environmental remediation costs;
- the potential inability to attract, retain and motivate key employees;
- the resolution of tax contingencies resulting in additional tax liabilities;
- product liability, product recalls or related regulatory actions;
- our ability to protect intellectual property rights;
- significant increases in funding obligations related to our pension plans; and
- other factors listed from time to time in our filings with the SEC, including, but not limited to, our Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q.



 estimates and assumptions developed by management. If so, the company may be subject to future incremental impairment charges as well as changes to recorded reserves and valuations
 developments.
 © Newell Brands


## Key Messages

Focused on sustaining core sales growth and gaining market share

Closing margin gaps vs. benchmarks

Strong cash flow generation driving balance sheet improvement

Raising the bar on complexity reduction and cash conversion cycle

Unifying employees behind noble purpose and values

## Newell at a Glance in 2020



## Delivering on Our Goals

|  | FY 2020 Guidance | FY 2020 Actual | 2020 Major Accomplishments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Sales | \$9.2 to \$9.3 billion | \$9.4 billion ¢ | ) Strengthened and diversified leadership team |
| Core Sales Growth | Low single digit decline | -7.7\% C | > Improved customer relationships <br> > Returned to core sales growth in 2H 2020 |
| Normalized Operating Margin | Flat to 20 bps contraction to $10.6 \%$ to $10.8 \%$ | 30 bps improvement <br> to $11.1 \%$ | Improved omni-channel execution and accelerated |
| Normalized EPS | \$1.63 to \$1.69 | \$7.79 ¢ | eCommerce growth <br> Delivered stellar results in |
| Operating Cash Flow | \$7.1 to \$1.2 billion | \$1.4 billion ¢ | productivity, overheads, complexity reduction and cash |
|  |  |  | > Substantially reduced net debt |

## Our Turnaround Gained Momentum in 2020

Strengthen
Portfolio
Omni-channel
execution;
working toward
shifting mix to
higher margin
businesses
Sustainable
Profitable
Growth
Return to core
sales growth in
$2 H 2020$


## Winning <br> Team

New Business Unit and key function leaders hired and aligned
on strategy

## Evolving Toward Sustainable and Profitable Growth

|  | Roadmap |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 2020 | $2021+$ - Delivering the Potential |
| Turnaround <br> Initiated | Turnaround <br> Takes Hold | Innovation, customer collaboration and execution |

## Implementing Our Go-To-Market Strategy

| 1) Culture of Winning | Operational excellence through teamwork |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2) Consumer First | Insights, trends, meaningful innovation |
| (4) Customer Collaboration | Joint value creation and service reliability |
| 4) Channel Management | Superior customer experience through omni <br> focus |
| 5) Continuous Improvement <br> \& Innovation | Supply chain optimization; create platforms |

## Leadership Team in Place and Strategically Aligned

Culture of Winning
> 4 new business unit CEOs hired from outside Newell Brands
> 2 internal promotions
> New functional leaders, including Chief Human Resources Officer and Chief Customer Officer
> Refreshed talent throughout organization
> Fostering Diversity, Inclusion \& Belonging
> Focusing on the team, not individual


## Adopting a Consumer First Mindset

## Consumer First

We design products to simplify and improve consumers' everyday lives

Advanced consumer insights help us understand the role our products play

Form, design, packaging, colors, functionality and sustainability all matter

Driving scale and improving gross margins

Leveraging our deep history in entrepreneurship and innovation

Striving to make our iconic brands relevant for today's consumer with a sharp eye on gross margin


Half of our Top 10 Brands
Grew Sales* in 2020


YaNKee CANDLe

Startie

FoodSaver
信 FIRST ALERT

Paper*Mate

## Well-Positioned for Lasting Consumer Trends

## Consumer First

Leveraging advanced consumer insights for trend spotting


Consumers are spending or plan to spend more time outdoors

Creating innovative products to deliver what consumers want and need

Consumers are looking for products and services that support physical and mental health

# Strengthening Customer Partnerships through Newell Capabilities and Pursuing New Distribution Opportunities 

## Customer Collaboration

ELEVATE PARTNERSHIP


## COLLABORATION



CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT


Leveraging omni-channel capabilities to advance Joint Business Planning with top customers

Continued momentum in Food, Dollar and Home Center channels

Focused on enhancing customer service levels

## Capitalizing on a Shift Toward Online Shopping from a Position of Strength

Channel Management
\% of Net Sales from eCommerce, Global

eCommerce Sales by Business Unit in 2020


## Growing eCommerce, Developing Omni-Channel Prowess

## Channel Management

> Deliver integrated 360 marketing campaigns by focusing on end-to-end consumer/shopper journey
> Distribute more content with faster cycle times: focus on ratings and reviews
> Strengthen fulfillment capabilities
> Expand Brand Ambassador program in 2021, following its launch in 2020
> Integrate brick \& mortar and online teams and deliver appropriate assortments


## Recent \& Upcoming Innovations Across Our Portfolio

Continuous Improvement \& Innovation

Yankee Candle ${ }^{\circledR}$ Signature Collection


Mr. Coffee ${ }^{\circledR}{ }^{\text {Iced }}{ }^{\text {TM }}$ Coffeemaker


Rubbermaid ${ }^{\circledR}$ Brilliance ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Pantry


Graco ${ }^{\circledR}$ SlimFit3 ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ LX 3-in-1 Car Seat


Sharpie ${ }^{\circledR}$ S.Gel ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Metal Barrel


Coleman ${ }^{\circledR}$ SKYDOME $^{\circledR}$ Screen Room Tent


Rubbermaid ${ }^{\circledR}$ Premier ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Step-On Containers


## Driving Market Share Gains in Various Categories

Continuous Improvement \& Innovation




## Top Line Improving Sequentially, Expect to Return to Core Sales Growth in 2021

## Core Sales Growth





Strong consumption trends continuing in 2021

## Drivers of Shareholder Value



## Long-Term Strategic Priorities

## Sustain top line growth

Strengthen our brands through insights and innovation
Focus on omni-channel initiatives

## Begin to unlock international opportunities

Focus on complexity, efficiency, productivity and cash conversion cycle
Galvanize and unify our employees, foster a collaborative, inclusive culture

## Our Turnaround Gained Momentum in 2020

|  | Sustainable Profitable Growth | Improve Margins | Cash Efficiency | Winning Team | Strengthen Portfolio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{\infty}{\underset{N}{N}}$ |  |  |  | ( |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & \stackrel{\circ}{N} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { O} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | ( |  |

## Normalized Operating Margin Moving Up



[^0] Please see the Appendix for further information and reconciliations, if available, for Normalized Operating Margins

## Gross Margin Opportunity Is Meaningful

Opportunity


## Actions

 group of consumable and durables companies. © Newell Brands

## FUEL Productivity Gained Momentum in 2020 and Robust Funnel in Place for 2021

FUEL Productivity Savings


Cross-functional and cross-business unit partnership on savings opportunities in:
> Planning
> Product Value Engineering
> Manufacturing
> Procurement
> Distribution and Transportation

## Resetting the Bar on SKUs Due to Better-ThanExpected Progress Through 2020

> Greater focus on high velocity SKUs further enabled by COVID-19
> Driving more efficient purchasing, operations, and demand planning

Targeting Additional 36\% Reduction in SKUs by YE 2022


Average Revenue per SKU


## Implementing Supply Chain Automation


eCommerce Robotics
> Went live in Q4 2020
> 80 robots deployed
> $60 \%$ reduction in walk time
> $300 \%$ improvement in pick rate


Robots / Cobots
> 42 robots deployed in 2020
> 200+ robots targeted for 2021
> Cost effective in Mexico operations

# Driving Overhead Efficiency with Additional Opportunity Remaining 



## Complexity Reduction Contributing to Overhead Savings Since 2018

| ERP | Office <br> Locations | Applications | Legal Entities | Domestic <br> Suppliers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 ERP <br> migrations <br> $\sim 86 \%$ of sales <br> on 2 platforms | $\sim 13 \%$ reduction <br> in office <br> locations | $\sim 90 \%$ reduction <br> in applications | $\sim 6 \%$ reduction <br> in legal entities | $\sim 75 \%$ reduction <br> in domestic <br> suppliers since <br> 2019 |

In 2020 drove $\sim \$ 160 \mathrm{M}$ Reduction in Overhead Costs

## Digital Tech Re-Platforming On Track

New platform enables significantly improved social listening, consumer insights \& analytics, content management, and DTC websites

> Delivering unique and impactful brand experiences
> Exciting omni-channel features seamlessly tying digital and physical spaces together
> Enabling personalized experiences with our consumers
> Converted $\sim 88 \%$ of our U.S. websites to the new platform in 2020
> Expect to have all U.S. websites on the new platform by mid 2021
> Page load time, bounce rate and checkout completion rates improving across the site

International phase begins in 2H 2021

## Significant Progress on Cash Conversion Cycle, Resetting the Target Lower

|  | 2018 <br> Baseline | 2019 | 2020 | Prior <br> Benchmark | New <br> Target |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| + Days Sales | 78 | 69 | 65 | - | - |
| + Days Inventory | 103 | 92 | 95 | - | - |
| - Days Payables | 66 | 63 | 88 | - | - |
| Cash Conversion | 115 | 98 | 72 | 70 | 50 |

## Since 2018:

> Extended payable terms on 170 strategic suppliers and over 2,000 "tail suppliers"
> Faster deduction resolution and process improvements
> Reduced excess and obsolete inventory by over 50\%
> Cut ~54\% SKUs
> Roll out of integrated business planning and advanced analytics
> Portfolio choices

## Working Capital Drives Operating Cash Flow Progress

Free Cash Flow Productivity


## Moving Closer to Leverage Ratio Target

Leverage Ratio


Leverage ratio is a liquidity measure calculated as the ratio of total debt less cash and cash equivalents ("net debt") to normalized EBITDA from continuing operations.

## Long-Term Evergreen Targets

| Core Sales Growth |
| :---: |
| Low single-digits |
| Operating Income Margin |
| 50 bps annual increase |
| FCF Productivity |
| $>100 \%$ |
| Leverage Ratio |
| $3 x$ |

## Key Messages

Focused on sustaining core sales growth and gaining market share

Closing margin gaps vs. benchmarks

Strong cash flow generation driving balance sheet improvement

Raising the bar on complexity reduction and cash conversion cycle

Unifying employees behind noble purpose and values

## Appendix

Non-GAAP Reconciliations
newell Non-GAAP Financial Measures

## Non-GAAP and Other Information

This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures within the meaning of Regulation G promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and includes a reconciliation of nonGAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP.
 community and in the internal evaluation and management of its businesses. The company's management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures and the information they provide are useful to investors since these measures (a) permit investors to view the company's performance and liquidity using the same tools that management uses to evaluate the company's past performance, reportable business segments, prospects for future performance and liquidity, and (b) determine certain elements of management incentive compensation.
The company's management believes that core sales provides a more complete understanding of underlying sales trends by providing sales on a consistent basis as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, planned and completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, certain market exits, impact of customer returns related to a product recall in Outdoor and Recreation segment, and changes in foreign exchange from year-over-year comparisons. The effect of changes in foreign exchange on reported sales is calculated by applying the prior year average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures), with the difference between the 2020 reported sales and constant currency sales presented as the foreign exchange impact increase or decrease in core sales. The company's management believes that "normalized" gross margin, "normalized" operating income, "normalized" operating margin, "normalized EBITDA", "normalized EBITDA from continuing operations", "normalized" net income, "normalized" diluted earnings per share, "normalized" interest and "normalized" tax benefits, which exclude restructuring and restructuring-related expenses and one-time and other events such as costs related to the extinguishment of debt, certain tax benefits and charges, impairment charges, pension settlement charges, divestiture costs, costs related to the acquisition, integration and financing of acquired businesses, amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets, inflationary adjustments, expenses related to certain product recalls and certain other items, are useful because they provide investors with a meaningful perspective on the current underlying performance of the company's core ongoing operations and liquidity. On a pro forma basis, "normalized" items give effect to the company's decision not to sell the Commercial, Mapa and Quickie businesses. "Normalized EBITDA from continuing operations" is an ongoing liquidity measure (that excludes noncash items) and is calculated as pro forma normalized earnings from continuing operations before interest, tax depreciation, amortization and stock-based compensation expense. The company defines net debt as gross debt less the total of cash and cash equivalents. The company believes net debt is meaningful to investors as it considers net debt and its components to be an important indicator of liquidity and a guiding measure of capital structure strategy. "Leverage ratio" is a liquidity measure calculated as the ratio of net debt to normalized EBITDA from continuing operations. "Free cash flow productivity" is calculated as the ratio of free cash flow (calculated as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures) to normalized net income, and the company believes that free cash flow productivity is an important indicator of liquidity realized from the company's core ongoing operations.

The company has presented forward-looking statements regarding core sales and normalized operating margin which are derived by excluding certain amounts, expenses or income from the corresponding financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. The determination of the amounts that are excluded from these non-GAAP financial measures is a matter of management judgement and depends upon, among other factors, the nature of the underlying expense or income amounts recognized in a given period. We are unable to present a quantitative reconciliation of forward-looking core sales and normalized operating margin to their most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP financial measures because such information is not available, and management cannot reliably predict all of the necessary components of such GAAP measures without unreasonable effort of expense.

The company determines the tax effect of the items excluded from normalized diluted earnings per share by applying the estimated effective rate for the applicable jurisdiction in which the pre-tax items were incurred, and for which realization of the resulting tax benefit, if any, is expected. In certain situations in which an item excluded from normalized results impacts income tax expense, the company utilizes a "with" and "without" approach to determine normalized income tax benefit or expense. The company will also exclude one-time tax expenses related to a change in tax status of certain entities and the loss of GILTI tax credits as a result of utilizing the 50\% IRC Section 163(j) limit resulting from the CARES Act to determine normalized income tax benefit.

While the company believes these non-GAAP financial measures are useful in evaluating the company's performance and liquidity, this information should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as a substitute for or superior to the related financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Additionally, these non-GAAP financial measures may differ from similar measures presented by other companies.

Consistent with prior presentations, for all reported periods, SKU count excludes Technical Apparel, third-party items sold through the Yankee Candle flagship store, and Mapa Professional.

## Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Items in 2018

NEWELL BRANDS INC.
RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
CERTAIN LINE ITEMS
(Amounts in millions, except per share data)
Twelve months ended December 31, 2018

|  | Twelve months ended December 31, 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GAAP Measure <br> Reported |  | ```Restructuring and restructuring related costs [1]``` |  | Acquisitionamortizationandimpairment$[2]$ |  | $\qquad$ |  | Other <br> items <br> [4] |  | Non-GAAP Measures |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Normalized* | ProformaAdjustment$[5]$ |  | Proforma |  |  |  |
| Net sales |  | 10,154.0 |  |  | s | - |  |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | S | 10,154.0 | s | - | S | 10,154.0 |
| Cost of products sold |  | 6,636.3 |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | 10.5 |  | 6,646.8 |  | 27.0 |  | 6,673.8 |
| Gross profit |  | 3,517.7 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (10.5) |  | 3,507.2 |  | (27.0) |  | 3,480.2 |
|  |  | 34.6 \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34.5\% |  |  |  | 34.3\% |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses |  | 2,647.8 |  | (11.1) |  | (132.8) |  | (33.6) |  | (42.2) |  | 2,428.1 |  | 4.1 |  | 2,432.2 |
|  |  | 26.1 \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23.9\% |  |  |  | 24.0\% |
| Restructuring costs, net |  | 86.8 |  | (86.8) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Impairment charges |  | 8,337.1 |  | - |  | (8,337.1) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Operating income (loss) |  | (7,554.0) |  | 97.9 |  | 8,469.9 |  | 33.6 |  | 31.7 |  | 1,079.1 |  | (31.1) |  | 1,048.0 |
|  |  | (74.4)\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10.6\% |  |  |  | 10.3\% |
| Non-operating (income) expense, net |  | 437.7 |  | - |  | - |  | 1.9 |  | 5.9 |  | 445.5 |  | - |  | 445.5 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes |  | $(7,991.7)$ |  | 97.9 |  | 8,469.9 |  | 31.7 |  | 25.8 |  | 633.6 |  | (31.1) |  | 602.5 |
| Income tax provision (benefit) [6] |  | $(1,358.9)$ |  | (10.8) |  | 1,210.0 |  | 14.6 |  | 65.5 |  | (79.6) |  | (8.5) |  | (88.1) |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations |  | $(6,632.8)$ |  | 108.7 |  | 7,259.9 |  | 17.1 |  | (39.7) |  | 713.2 |  | (22.6) |  | 690.6 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax |  | (309.7) |  | (19.3) |  | 1,427.6 |  | (635.9) |  | 13.0 |  | 475.7 |  | - |  | 475.7 |
| Net income (loss) |  | (6,942.5) | s | 89.4 | $\stackrel{ }{s}$ | 8,687.5 | s | (618.8) | S | (26.7) | s | 1,188.9 | s | (22.6) | S | 1,166.3 |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share ** |  | (14.65) | \$ | 0.19 | s | 18.32 | S | (1.30) | s | (0.06) | \$ | 2.51 | s | (0.05) | \$ | 2.46 |

* Normalized results are financial measures that are not in accordance with GAAP and exclude the above normalized adjustments. See below for a discussion of each of these adjustments.
**Adjustments and normalized earnings per share are calculated based on diluted weighted average shares of 474.3 million shares for the twelve months ended December 31, 2018.
Totals may not add due to rounding.

1) Restructuring costs primarily associated with the Accelerated Transformation Plan of $\$ 101.1$ million ( $\$ 3.2$ million of which is reported in discontinued operations)
 primarily related to Home Fragrance fixed assets impairments), of which $\$ 1.5$ billion was reported in discontinued operations primarily related to goodwill impairment attributable to businesses held for sale.


 Jostens business.



 Process Solutions businesses.
2) Depreciation and amortization expense related to the Commercial Business, and the Mapa and Quickie businesses that would have been recorded had they been continuously classified as held and used.


## Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Items in 2019

NEWELL BRANDS INC.
RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
CERTAIN LINE ITEMS
(Amounts in millions, except per share data)


* Normalized results are financial measures that are not in accordance with GAAP and exclude the above normalized adjustments. See below for a discussion of each of these adjustments
**Adjustments and normalized earnings per share are calculated based on diluted weighted average shares of 423.9 million shares for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019.
Totals may not add due to rounding.

1) Restructuring and restructuring related costs of $\$ 82$ million.

 Divestiture costs of $\$ 34$ million ( $\$ 5$
reported in discontinued operations.



 taxable loss related to the impairment of certain assets.
2) Depreciation and amortization expense related to the Commercial Business that would have been recorded had the businesses been continuously classified as held and used.


## Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Items in 2020

## NEWELL BRANDS INC

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
CERTAIN LINE ITEMS
(Amounts in millions, except per share data)

|  | Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GAAP <br> Measure <br> Reported |  | Restructuring and restructuring related costs [1] |  | Acquisition amortization and impairment [2] |  | Transactions <br> and <br> related costs [3] |  | Other items [4] |  | Non-GAAP <br> Measure |  |
|  |  |  | Normalized* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | S | 9,385 |  |  | S | - | S | - | S | - | S | - | \$ | 9,385 |
| Cost of products sold |  | 6,306 |  | (4) |  | - |  | - |  | (6) |  | 6,296 |
| Gross profit |  | 3,079 |  | 4 |  | - |  | - |  | 6 |  | 3,089 |
|  |  | $32.8 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32.9 \% |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses |  | 2,189 |  | (19) |  | (99) |  | (4) |  | (16) |  | 2,051 |
|  |  | 23.3 \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.9 \% |
| Restructuring costs, net |  | 21 |  | (21) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Impairment of goodwill, intangibles and other assets |  | 1,503 |  | - |  | $(1,503)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Operating income (loss) |  | (634) |  | 44 |  | 1,602 |  | 4 |  | 22 |  | 1,038 |
|  |  | (6.8)\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11.1 \% |
| Non-operating (income) expense |  | 372 |  | 1 |  | - |  | (9) |  | (76) |  | 288 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes |  | $(1,006)$ |  | 43 |  | 1,602 |  | 13 |  | 98 |  | 750 |
| Income tax provision (benefit) [5] |  | (236) |  | (1) |  | 232 |  | 1 |  | (6) |  | (10) |
| Net income (loss) | S | (770) | S | 44 | S | 1,370 | S | 12 | S | 104 | \$ | 760 |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share ** | S | (1.82) | S | 0.10 | \$ | 3.22 | \$ | 0.03 | S | 0.24 | \$ | 1.79 |

* Normalized results are financial measures that are not in accordance with GAAP and exclude the above normalized adjustments. See below for a discussion of each of these adjustments.
**Adjustments and normalized earnings per share are calculated based on diluted weighted average shares of 425.2 million shares for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020
Totals may not add due to rounding

1) Restructuring and restructuring related costs of $\$ 43$ million.
2) Acquisition amortization costs of $\$ 99$ million; impairment charges of approximately $\$ 1.5$ billion related to goodwill, other intangible assets and other assets.
3) Divestiture costs of $\$ 4$ million primarily related to completed divestitures and loss on disposition of $\$ 9$ million related to the sale of a product line in the Learning and Development segment.

 million related to change in tax status of certain entities and $\$ 5$ million for effects of adopting the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security ("CARES") Act,



## Reconciliation of Gross Margin in 2018

## NEWELL BRANDS INC.

## GROSS MARGIN

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Amounts in millions)

| Net sales (1) | \$ | 8,631 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjust for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2) | 1,523 |  |  |
| As recasted (2) | \$ | 10,154 |  |
| Gross profit (1) | \$ | 3,009 |  |
| Normalization adjustments (2) (3) | (11) |  |  |
| Normalized gross profit and margin (3) |  | 2,998 | 34.7\% |
| Adjustments for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2) | 509 |  |  |
| Proforma adjustments (2) (4) | (27) |  |  |
| As recasted, proforma gross profit and margin (2) | \$ | 3,480 | 34.3\% |
| (1) As reported on the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. |  |  |  |
| (2) As recasted on the Company's Form 8-K filed on February 10, 2020. |  |  |  |
| (3) As presented at CAGNY in 2019 and on the Company's Form 8-K for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2018, furnished on February 15, 2019. |  |  |  |

## Reconciliation of Gross Margin in 2019

## NEWELL BRANDS INC.

## GROSS MARGIN

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

| (Amounts in millions) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (1) | \$ | 9,715 |  |
| Gross profit (1) | \$ | 3,219 |  |
| Normalization adjustments (2) |  | 89 |  |
| Normalized gross profit and margin (3) |  | 3,308 | 34.1\% |
| Proforma adjustments (2) (3) |  | (21) |  |
| As recasted, proforma gross profit and margin (2) | \$ | 3,287 | 33.8\% |
| (1) As reported on the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. |  |  |  |
| (2) As reported on the Company's Form 8-K furnished on February 14, 2020. |  |  |  |
| (3) Depreciation and amortization expense related to the Commercial Business, and the Mapa and Quickie businesses that would have been recorded had they been continuously classified as held and used. |  |  |  |

## Reconciliation of Overhead in 2019 and 2018

## NEWELL BRANDS INC.

## OVERHEAD RECONCILIATION

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

(Amounts in millions)


## Reconciliation of Overhead in 2020

## NEWELL BRANDS INC. <br> OVERHEAD RECONCILIATION <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

|  | (Amounts in millions) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Net sales (1) | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{9 , 3 8 5}$ |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses - as reported (1) | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| Normalization adjustments (1) | $\mathbf{2 , 1 8 9}$ |
| Normalized selling, general and administrative expenses (1) 2,051 <br> Less: Advertising and promotion costs $(362)$ <br> OVERHEAD (As adjusted) $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 6 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 . 0 \%}$ |

(1) As reported on the Company's Form 8-K furnished on February 12, 2021.

## Reconciliation of Operating Margin in 2018

## NEWELL BRANDS INC.

## OPERATING MARGIN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
(Amounts in millions)

| Net sales (1) | \$ | \$ 8,631 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjust for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2) | 1,523 |  |  |
| As recasted (2) | \$ | 10,154 |  |
| Operating loss (1) | \$ | $(7,828)$ |  |
| Normalization adjustments (3) (4) |  | 8,610 |  |
| Normalized operating income (3) |  | 782 | 9.1\% |
| Adjustments for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2) |  | 274 |  |
| Proforma adjustments (2) (5) |  | (8) |  |
| As recasted, proforma operating income and margin (3) | \$ | 1,048 | 10.3\% |

(1) As reported on the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018
(2) As recasted on the Company's Form 8-K furnished on February 10, 2020.
(3) As presented on the Company's Form 8-K for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2018, furnished on February 15, 2019.
(4) As presented at CAGNY in 2019.
(5) Depreciation and amortization expense of $\$ 31$ million related to the Commercial Business, and the Mapa and Quickie businesses that would have been recorded had they been continuously classified as held and used.

## Reconciliation of Operating Margin in 2019

## NEWELL BRANDS INC. <br> OPERATING MARGIN <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Amounts in millions)

| Net sales (1) | \$ | 9,715 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating loss (1) | \$ | (482) |
| Normalization adjustments (1) |  | 1,554 |
| Normalized operating income (1) |  | 1,072 |
| Proforma adjustments (2) |  | (23) |
| Proforma operating income (1) | \$ | 1,049 |

(1) As reported on the Company's Form 8-K furnished on February 14, 2020.
(2) Depreciation and amortization expense related to the Commercial Business, and the Mapa and Quickie businesses that would have been recorded had they been continuously classified as held and used.

## Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 2018

## NEWELL BRANDS INC.

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

|  | December 31, 2018 |  |  |  |  | December 31, 2017 |  |  |  |  | in Millions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { Net Sales } \\ \text { (REPORTEED) } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Accuisisitions } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Divestives, Net } \\ \text { [1] }[2] \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net Sales } \\ \text { Base Business } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { curreny } \\[3]}}{\text { cmact }}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ \text { core sales } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { Netsales } \\ {[4]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Divestiures and } \\ \text { other, Net } \\ \text { [i] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Asc } 606 \\ \text { Revenue } \\ \text { Reconnion } \\ \text { Adjustments }[3] \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2017 \\ \text { Core Sales } \end{gathered}$ | Increase (Docrease)Core Salese$\$$ |  |  |
| Food and APPLIANCES | 2,699.1 | (30.8) | 2,668.3 | 32.6 | 2,700.9 |  | 2,921.1 | (2.9) | (105.7) | 2,812.5 |  | (111.6) | (4.0)\% |
| home and outdoor Living | 2,946.7 | (65.3) | 2,881.4 | (14.0) | 2,867.4 |  | 3,114.1 | (44.5) | (65.1) | 3,004.5 |  | (137.1) | (4.6)\% |
| learning and development | 2,981.6 | (3.3) | 2,978.3 | (1.6) | 2,976.7 |  | 3,269.1 | (16.3) | (53.3) | 3,199.5 |  | (222.8) | (7.0)\% |
| OTHER | 3.5 | (3.5) | - | - | - |  | 247.7 | (245.6) | (2.5) | (0.4) |  | 0.4 | (100.0)\% |
| total company | \$ 8,630.9 | \$ (102.9) \$ | \$ 8,528.0 | \$ 17.0 | 8,545.0 | \$ | 9,552.0 | \$ (309.3) \$ | \$ (226.6) \$ | 9,016.1 | \$ | (471.1) | (5.2)\% |

## CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY (UNAUDITED)


"Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-overyear comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closingss, changes in foreign
Currency and the impacct of the adoption of revenue recognition standard ASC 606 as of January 1, 2018. Core Sales Increases(Decreases) excludes the impact of currency, acquisitions and divestitures.
[1] Divestitures include actual divestitures of Tools (excluding Dymo Industrial Labelling) in the first quarter of 2017; Fire Building, Lehighe and Teutoniiه businesses in the second quarter of 2017 ;
 Sprue Aegis during the first quarter of 2018 ; the transition of regional sales 5 to licensing arrangement for $G$ Ga
removal of specialized writing sales associated with the Bonde brand in anticipation of closing the business.
[2] Acquisitions exclude net sales until the one year anniversary of their respective dates of acquisistion, comprised of Chesapeake $\otimes$ Bay Candle and Sistema@. Since the completion of the Jarden

[3] "Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2018 reported sales and is calculated as the difference between the 2018 reported sales and by applying the prior year average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures).
[4] The Company has revised the classification of certain items, principally related to customer supply chair related payments, formerly included in costs of goods sold. The impact to net sales for the twelve months ended December 31,2017 was a decrease of $\$ 40.1$ million.

## Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 2019

## NEWELL BRANDS INC.

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT
(Amounts in millions)

APPLIANCES AND COOKWARE FOOD AND COMMERCIAL HOME AND OUTDOOR LIVING LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT OTHER


CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY

| welve months ended December 31, 2019 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Twelve months ended December 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2019 <br> Sales ORTED) | Acquisitions, Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | $\begin{gathered}\text { Net Sales } \\ \text { Base Business }\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Currency Impact } \\ {[3]} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ \text { Core Sales } \\ {[1]} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ \text { Net Sales } \\ \text { (REPORTED) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\qquad$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ \text { Core Sales } \\ {[1]} \end{gathered}$ |  | Increase (Decrease)Core Sales$\$$ |  |  |
| \$ | 6,920.1 | \$ | (561.2) \$ | 6,358.9 | \$ | 8.1 | \$ | 6,367.0 | \$ | 7,263.6 | \$ | (652.4) | \$ | 6,611.2 | \$ | (244.2) | (3.7)\% |
|  | 1,397.8 |  | (241.4) | 1,156.4 |  | 56.1 |  | 1,212.5 |  | 1,462.9 |  | (277.1) |  | 1,185.8 |  | 26.7 | 2.3 \% |
|  | 702.3 |  | (44.9) | 657.4 |  | 49.1 |  | 706.5 |  | 709.2 |  | (48.9) |  | 660.3 |  | 46.2 | 7.0\% |
|  | 694.7 |  | (19.6) | 675.1 |  | 17.0 |  | 692.1 |  | 718.3 |  | (26.7) |  | 691.6 |  | 0.5 | 0.1\% |
| \$ | 9,714.9 | \$ | (867.1) \$ | 8,847.8 | \$ | 130.3 | \$ | 8,978.1 | \$ | 10,154.0 | \$ | $(1,005.1)$ | \$ | 9,148.9 | \$ | (170.8) | (1.9)\% |

[1] "Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-over-year comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, changes in foreign currency. Core Sales
[2] Divestitures include the exit of a distribution agreement with FireAngel (formerly Sprue Aegis) during the first quarter of 2018, the transition of direct sales to a licensing arrangement for Graco@ within the European region
 roducts and, consistent with standard retail practice, current and prior period net sales from retail store closures from the decision date to close through their closing dates. Divestitures also include 2019 sales of the esults for 2019 also exclude the impact of customer returns related to a product recall in Home and Outdoor Living segment.
[3] "Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2019 reported sales and is calculated as the difference between the 2019 reported sales and by applying the prior year average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures).

## Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 1H 2020

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in millions)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
Six Months Ended June 30, 2019
Core Sales

| Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 |  |  |  |  |  | Increase (Decrease) Core Sales |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 20 ales RTED) | Acquisitions, Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | Net Sales Base Business |  | Currency Impact [3] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2020 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | 2019 <br> Net Sales (REPORTED) |  | Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \end{gathered}$ |  | \$ |  | \% |
| \$ | 650 | \$ | - | \$ | 650 | \$ | 36 | \$ | 686 | \$ | 692 | \$ | - | \$ | 692 | \$ | (6) | (0.9)\% |
|  | 826 |  | - |  | 826 |  | 18 |  | 844 |  | 868 |  | - |  | 868 |  | (24) | (2.8)\% |
|  | 702 |  | (1) |  | 701 |  | 6 |  | 707 |  | 743 |  | (13) |  | 730 |  | (23) | (3.2)\% |
|  | 1,159 |  | (4) |  | 1,155 |  | 14 |  | 1,169 |  | 1,430 |  | (34) |  | 1,396 |  | (227) | (16.3)\% |
|  | 660 |  | 1 |  | 661 |  | 8 |  | 669 |  | 789 |  | 13 |  | 802 |  | (133) | (16.6)\% |
| \$ | 3,997 | \$ | (4) | \$ | 3,993 | \$ | 82 | \$ | 4,075 | \$ | 4,522 | \$ | (34) | \$ | 4,488 | \$ | (413) | (9.2)\% |
| CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY (UNAUDITED) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 |  |  |  |  |  | Increase (Decrease) Core Sales |  |  |
| 2020 <br> Net Sales (REPORTED) |  | Acquisitions, Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | Net Sales Base Business |  | Currency Impact [3] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2020 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \end{gathered}$ |  | 2019 <br> Net Sales (REPORTED) |  | Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \end{gathered}$ |  | \$ |  | \% |
| \$ | 2,854 | \$ | (4) | \$ | 2,850 | \$ | 4 | \$ | 2,854 | \$ | 3,176 | \$ | (32) | \$ | 3,144 | \$ | (290) | (9.2)\% |
|  | 600 |  | - |  | 600 |  | 15 |  | 615 |  | 684 |  | (1) |  | 683 |  | (68) | (10.0)\% |
|  | 264 |  | - |  | 264 |  | 58 |  | 322 |  | 312 |  | (1) |  | 311 |  | 11 | 3.5 \% |
|  | 279 |  | - |  | 279 |  | 5 |  | 284 |  | 350 |  | - |  | 350 |  | (66) | (18.9)\% |
| \$ | 3,997 | \$ | (4) | \$ | 3,993 | \$ | 82 | \$ | 4,075 | \$ | 4,522 | \$ | (34) | \$ | 4,488 | \$ | (413) | (9.2)\% |

> CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY (UNAUDITED)

APPLIANCES AND COOKWARE COMMERCIAL SOLUTIONS HOME SOLUTIONS LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT OUTDOOR AND RECREATION TOTAL COMPANY
[1] "Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-over-year comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, changes in foreign currency. Core Sales Increases/(Decreases) excludes the impact of currency, acquisitions and divestitures.
[2] Divestitures include the exit of the North American distributorship of Uniball® Products and, consistent with standard retail practice, current and prior period net sales from retail store closures from the decision date to close through their closing dates.
[3] "Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2020 reported sales and is calculated as the difference between the 2020 reported sales and by applying the prior year average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures)

## Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 2H 2020

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (UNAUDITED)
(Amounts in millions)
Increase (Decrease)

|  | Six Months Ended December 31, 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Six Months Ended December 31, 2019 |  |  |  |  |  | Core Sales |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2020 <br> Net Sales (REPORTED) |  | Acquisitions, Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | Net Sales Base Business |  | Currency Impact [3] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2020 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ \text { Net Sales } \\ \text { (REPORTED) } \end{gathered}$ |  | Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \end{gathered}$ |  | \$ |  | \% |
| APPLIANCES AND COOKWARE | \$ | 1,056 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,056 | \$ | 41 | \$ | 1,097 | \$ | 1,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,000 | \$ | 97 | 9.7 \% |
| COMMERCIAL SOLUTIONS |  | 1,033 |  | - |  | 1,033 |  | - |  | 1,033 |  | 911 |  | (1) |  | 910 |  | 123 | 13.5 \% |
| HOME SOLUTIONS |  | 1,269 |  | (2) |  | 1,267 |  | (10) |  | 1,257 |  | 1,132 |  | (44) |  | 1,088 |  | 169 | 15.5 \% |
| LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT |  | 1,398 |  | (6) |  | 1,392 |  | (9) |  | 1,383 |  | 1,526 |  | (52) |  | 1,474 |  | (91) | (6.2)\% |
| OUTDOOR AND RECREATION |  | 632 |  | - |  | 632 |  | 4 |  | 636 |  | 624 |  | 3 |  | 627 |  | 9 | 1.4 \% |
| TOTAL COMPANY | \$ | 5,388 | \$ | (8) | \$ | 5,380 | \$ | 26 | \$ | 5,406 | \$ | 5,193 | \$ | (94) | \$ | 5,099 | \$ | 307 | 6.0 \% |
|  | CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY (UNAUDITED) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Increase (Decrease) Core Sales |  |  |
|  |  | 20 <br> ales <br> RTED) |  |  |  | Sales usiness |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & \text { ales [1] } \end{aligned}$ |  | 19 <br> Sales <br> RTED) |  | s and et |  | $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & \text { ales [1] } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | \% |
| NORTH AMERICA | \$ | 3,819 | \$ | (8) | \$ | 3,811 | \$ | - | \$ | 3,811 | \$ | 3,744 | \$ | (92) | \$ | 3,652 | \$ | 159 | 4.4 \% |
| EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST, AFRICA |  | 794 |  | - |  | 794 |  | (37) |  | 757 |  | 714 |  | - |  | 714 |  | 43 | 6.0 \% |
| LATIN AMERICA |  | 393 |  | - |  | 393 |  | 76 |  | 469 |  | 390 |  | (2) |  | 388 |  | 81 | 20.9 \% |
| ASIA PACIFIC |  | 382 |  | - |  | 382 |  | (13) |  | 369 |  | 345 |  | - |  | 345 |  | 24 | 7.0 \% |
| TOTAL COMPANY | \$ | 5,388 | \$ | (8) | \$ | 5,380 | \$ | 26 | \$ | 5,406 | \$ | 5,193 | \$ | (94) | \$ | 5,099 | \$ | 307 | 6.0 \% |

[1] "Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-over-year comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, changes in foreign currency.
[2] Divestitures include the exit of the North American distributorship of Uniball® Products, current and prior period net sales from retail store closures (consistent with standard retail practice), disposition of the foamboards business and exit from Home Fragrance fundraising business.
[3] "Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2020 reported sales and is calculated by applying the 2019 average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures) and comparing to 2020 reported sales.

## Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 2020

## CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (UNAUDITED)

(Amounts in millions)

|  | Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019 |  |  |  |  |  | Increase (Decrease)$\qquad$ Core Sales |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2020 <br> Net Sales (REPORTED) |  | Acquisitions, Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | Net Sales Base Business |  | Currency Impact <br> [3] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2020 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \end{gathered}$ |  | 2019 <br> Net Sales (REPORTED) |  | Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \end{gathered}$ |  | \$ |  | \% |
| APPLIANCES AND COOKWARE | \$ | 1,706 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,706 | \$ | 77 | \$ | 1,783 | \$ | 1,692 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,692 | \$ | 91 | 5.4 \% |
| COMMERCIAL SOLUTIONS |  | 1,859 |  | - |  | 1,859 |  | 18 |  | 1,877 |  | 1,779 |  | (1) |  | 1,778 |  | 99 | 5.6 \% |
| HOME SOLUTIONS |  | 1,971 |  | (3) |  | 1,968 |  | (4) |  | 1,964 |  | 1,875 |  | (57) |  | 1,818 |  | 146 | 8.0 \% |
| LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT |  | 2,557 |  | (10) |  | 2,547 |  | 5 |  | 2,552 |  | 2,956 |  | (86) |  | 2,870 |  | (318) | (11.1)\% |
| OUTDOOR AND RECREATION |  | 1,292 |  | 1 |  | 1,293 |  | 12 |  | 1,305 |  | 1,413 |  | 16 |  | 1,429 |  | (124) | (8.7)\% |
| TOTAL COMPANY | \$ | 9,385 | \$ | (12) | \$ | 9,373 | \$ | 108 | \$ | 9,481 | \$ | 9,715 | \$ | (128) | \$ | 9,587 | \$ | (106) | (1.1)\% |

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY (UNAUDITED)

| Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019 |  |  |  |  |  | Increase (Decrease) Core Sales |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - 20 | Acquisitions, Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | Net Sales Base Business |  | Currency Impact <br> [3] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2020 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \end{gathered}$ |  | 2019 <br> Net Sales (REPORTED) |  | Divestitures and Other, Net [2] |  | $\begin{gathered} 2019 \\ \text { Core Sales [1] } \end{gathered}$ |  | \$ |  | \% |
| \$ | 6,673 | \$ | (12) | \$ | 6,661 | \$ | 4 | \$ | 6,665 | \$ | 6,920 | \$ | (124) | \$ | 6,796 | \$ | (131) | (1.9)\% |
|  | 1,394 |  | - |  | 1,394 |  | (22) |  | 1,372 |  | 1,398 |  | (1) |  | 1,397 |  | (25) | (1.8)\% |
|  | 657 |  | - |  | 657 |  | 134 |  | 791 |  | 702 |  | (3) |  | 699 |  | 92 | 13.2 \% |
|  | 661 |  | - |  | 661 |  | (8) |  | 653 |  | 695 |  | - |  | 695 |  | (42) | (6.0)\% |
| \$ | 9,385 | \$ | (12) | \$ | 9,373 | \$ | 108 | \$ | 9,481 | \$ | 9,715 | \$ | (128) | \$ | 9,587 | \$ | (106) | (1.1)\% |

[1] "Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-over-year comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, changes in foreign currency
[2] Divestitures include the exit of the North American distributorship of Uniball® Products, current and prior period net sales from retail store closures (consistent with standard retail practice), disposition of the foamboards business and exit from Home Fragrance fundraising business.
[3] "Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2020 reported sales and is calculated by applying the 2019 average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures) and comparing to 2020 reported sales.

## Reconciliation of Free Cash Flow and Free Cash Flow Productivity in 2020, 2019 and 2018

## NEWELL BRANDS INC.

## FREE CASH FLOW PRODUCTIVITY RECONCILIATION

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020, 2019 AND 2018
(Amounts in millions)

|  |  | 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FREE CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION: |  |  |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 1,432 |
| Capital expenditures |  | (259) |
| FREE CASH FLOW (1) | \$ | 1,173 |
| PROFORMA NORMALIZED NET INCOME | \$ | 760 |
| FREE CASH FLOW PRODUCTIVITY (2) |  | 154\% |
| (1) Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures. |  |  |
| (2) Free cash flow productivity is defined as the ratio of free cash flow to normalized |  |  |

## Reconciliation of Net Debt to Normalized EBITDA in 2020 and 2019 <br> NEWELL BRANDS INC.

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) NET DEBT TO NORMALIZED EBITDA FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS RECONCILIATION
(Amounts in millions)

|  | December 31, 2020 |  | December 31, 2019 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NET DEBT RECONCILIATION: |  |  |  |  |
| Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt | \$ | 466 | \$ | 332 |
| Long-term debt |  | 5,141 |  | 5,391 |
| Gross debt |  | 5,607 |  | 5,723 |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents |  | 981 |  | 349 |
| NET DEBT [1] | \$ | 4,626 | \$ | 5,374 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | \$ | (770) | \$ | 186 |
| Normalized items [2] |  | 1,530 |  | 491 |
| PROFORMA NORMALIZED INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS |  | 760 |  | 677 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Proforma normalized income tax [3] |  | (10) |  | 59 |
| Interest expense, net |  | 274 |  | 303 |
| Proforma normalized depreciation and amortization [4] |  | 245 |  | 251 |
| Stock-based compensation [5] |  | 41 |  | 42 |
| NORMALIZED EBITDA FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | \$ | 1,310 | \$ | 1,332 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| NET DEBT TO NORMALIZED EBITDA FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS LEVERAGE RATIO [6] |  | 3.5 x |  | 4.0 x |

 structure strategy.
 continuing operations.
 (benefits).





5) Represents non-cash expense associated with stock-based compensation from continuing operations.
 coverage ratio; however the Net Debt to Normalized EBITDA from continuing operations leverage ratio is used by management as a liquidity measure and is not prescribed in the Company's debt covenants.

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[^0]:    Note: 2018 Baseline as presented at CAGNY 2019, prior to reclassification of Rubbermaid Commercial Products, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie to continuing operations

