



Forward Looking Statements

Some of the statements in this presentation and its exhibits, particularly those anticipating future financial performance, business prospects, growth, operating strategies, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and similar matters, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements generally can be identified by the use of words or phrases, including, but not limited to, "guidance," "outlook," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "project," "target," "plan," "expect," "setting up," "beginning to," "will," "should," "would," "resume," "are confident that," "remain optimistic that," or similar statements. We caution that forward-looking statements are not guarantees because there are inherent difficulties in predicting future results. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements, including the impairment charges and accounting for income taxes. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- our ability to manage the demand, supply and operational challenges with the actual or perceived effects of the COVID-19 pandemic;
- · our dependence on the strength of retail, commercial and industrial sectors of the economy in various countries around the world;
- competition with other manufacturers and distributors of consumer products;
- major retailers' strong bargaining power and consolidation of our customers;
- our ability to improve productivity, reduce complexity and streamline operations;
- our ability to develop innovative new products, to develop, maintain and strengthen end-user brands and to realize the benefits of increased advertising and promotion spend;
- our ability to remediate the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting and consistently maintain effective internal control over financial reporting;
- risks related to our substantial indebtedness, a potential increase in interest rates or changes in our credit ratings;
- future events that could adversely affect the value of our assets and/or stock price and require additional impairment charges;
- unexpected costs or expenses associated with divestitures;
- our ability to effectively execute our turnaround plan;
- · changes in the prices and availability of labor, transportation, raw materials and sourced products and our ability to obtain them in a timely manner;
- the impact of governmental investigations, inspections, lawsuits, legislative requests or other actions by third parties;
- the risks inherent to our foreign operations, including currency fluctuations, exchange controls and pricing restrictions;
- a failure of one of our key information technology systems, networks, processes or related controls or those of our service providers;
- the impact of U.S. and foreign regulations on our operations, including the impact of tariffs and environmental remediation costs;
- the potential inability to attract, retain and motivate key employees;
- the resolution of tax contingencies resulting in additional tax liabilities;
- product liability, product recalls or related regulatory actions;
- our ability to protect intellectual property rights;
- significant increases in funding obligations related to our pension plans; and
- other factors listed from time to time in our filings with the SEC, including, but not limited to, our Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q.

The consolidated condensed financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"). Management's application of U.S. GAAP requires the pervasive use of estimates and assumptions in preparing the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. As discussed above, the world is currently experiencing the global COVID-19 pandemic which has required greater use of estimates and assumptions in the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements. Although we have made our best estimates based upon current information, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business may result in future changes to management's estimates and assumptions, especially if the severity worsens or duration lengthens. Actual results may differ materially from the estimates and assumptions developed by management. If so, the company may be subject to future incremental impairment charges as well as changes to recorded reserves and valuations.

The information contained in this presentation and the tables is as of the date indicated. The company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or developments.

This presentation and the accompanying remarks contain non-GAAP measures. An explanation of most directly comparable GAAP measures and if available, reconciliations to GAAP are contained in the Appendix.

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Key Messages

Focused on sustaining core sales growth and gaining market share

Closing margin gaps vs. benchmarks

Strong cash flow generation driving balance sheet improvement

Raising the bar on complexity reduction and cash conversion cycle

Unifying employees behind noble purpose and values

Newell at a Glance in 2020



Delivering on Our Goals

	FY 2020 Guidance	FY 2020 Actual		2020 Major A
Net Sales	\$9.2 to \$9.3 billion	\$9.4 billion	>	Strengthened leadership tea
			>	Improved cus
Core Sales Growth	Low single digit decline	-1.1%	>	Returned to c
Normalized Operating Margin	Flat to 20 bps contraction to 10.6% to 10.8%	30 bps improvement to 11.1%	>	Improved om execution and
Normalized EPS	\$1.63 to \$1.69	\$1.79		eCommerce o
rtormanzea zr o	ψ1.00 to ψ1.03	Ų1.73 (>	Delivered ste
Operating Cash Flow	\$1.1 to \$1.2 billion	\$1.4 billion		productivity, of complexity re
			>	Substantially

Accomplishments

- d and diversified eam
- stomer relationships
- core sales growth in
- nni-channel nd accelerated growth
- ellar results in overheads, reduction and cash
- y reduced net debt

Our Turnaround Gained Momentum in 2020

Strengthen Portfolio

Omni-channel execution; working toward shifting mix to higher margin businesses

Sustainable Profitable Growth

Return to core sales growth in 2H 2020

Improve Margins

FUEL
productivity, tight
cost control and
simplification
drive operating
margin
improvement

Cash Efficiency

Strong FCF
productivity and
significant
reduction in cash
conversion cycle

Winning Team

New Business
Unit and key
function leaders
hired and aligned
on strategy

Evolving Toward Sustainable and Profitable Growth

Roadmap						
2019	2020	2021+ - Delivering the Potential				
Turnaround Initiated Takes Hold	Return to growth					
		Innovation, customer collaboration and execution				
	Turnaround	International momentum				
	Takes Hold	Market leading cash flow productivity				
		Deleveraging to 3X				
		Winning culture				

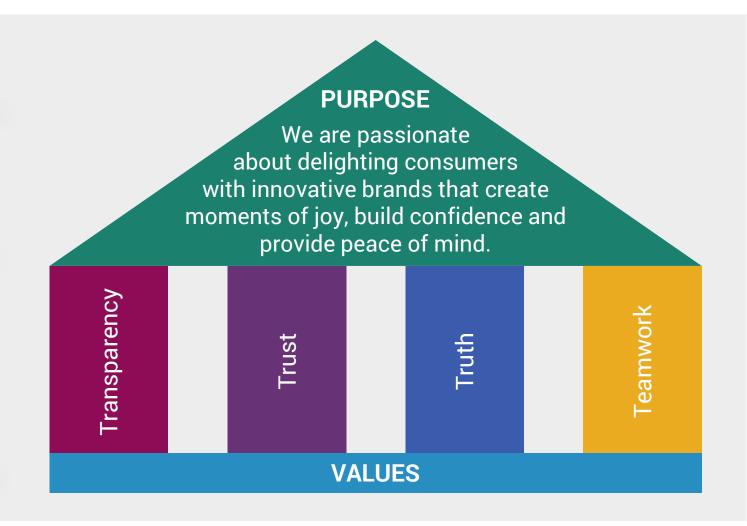
Implementing Our Go-To-Market Strategy

Cs	1) <u>C</u> ulture of Winning	Operational excellence through teamwork
13	2) <u>C</u> onsumer First	Insights, trends, meaningful innovation
	3) <u>C</u> ustomer Collaboration	Joint value creation and service reliability
Newell's	4) <u>C</u> hannel Management	Superior customer experience through omni focus
Z	5) <u>C</u> ontinuous Improvement & Innovation	Supply chain optimization; create platforms

Leadership Team in Place and Strategically Aligned

Culture of Winning

- 4 new business unit CEOs hired from outside Newell Brands
- 2 internal promotions
- New functional leaders, including Chief Human Resources Officer and Chief Customer Officer
- Refreshed talent throughout organization
- Fostering Diversity, Inclusion & Belonging
- Focusing on the team, not individual



Adopting a Consumer First Mindset

Consumer First

We design products to simplify and improve consumers' everyday lives

Advanced consumer insights help us understand the role our products play

Form, design, packaging, colors, functionality and sustainability all matter

Driving scale and improving gross margins

Leveraging our deep history in entrepreneurship and innovation

Striving to make our iconic brands relevant for today's consumer with a © Newell Brands sharp eye on gross margin

New Innovation Half of our Top 10 Brands Framework Grew Sales* in 2020 Prior Rubbermaid Rubbermaid **Business** Commercial Product **Unit Focus Aster GRACO** YANKEE CANDLE Coleman 8

Current

Business Unit

Focus

Enterprise

Platform

Innovation



Shorpie



F FIRST ALERT

Well-Positioned for Lasting Consumer Trends

Consumer First

Cooking, Baking & Grilling

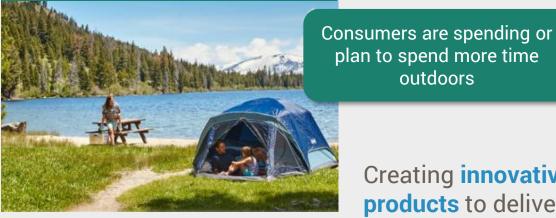
Well-being

Cooking & meal planning is the #1 activity being done more often post COVID

Leveraging advanced consumer insights for trend spotting

> Consumers are looking for products and services that support physical and mental health

Outdoor Activities



Home Improvement



Creating innovative

outdoors

products to deliver what consumers want and need

DIY home improvement projects are on the rise

Strengthening Customer Partnerships through Newell Capabilities and Pursuing New Distribution Opportunities

Customer Collaboration





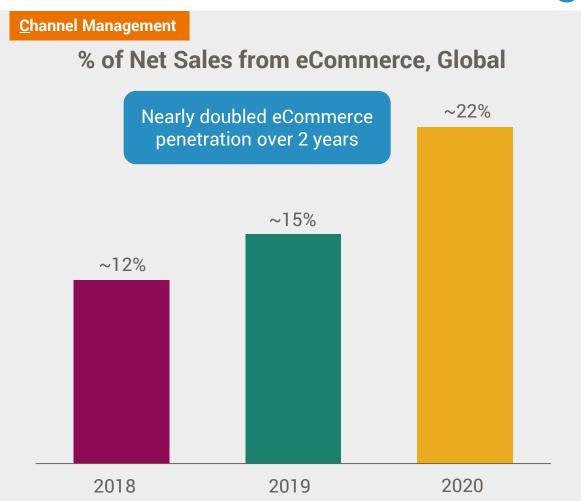


Leveraging omni-channel capabilities to advance Joint Business Planning with top customers

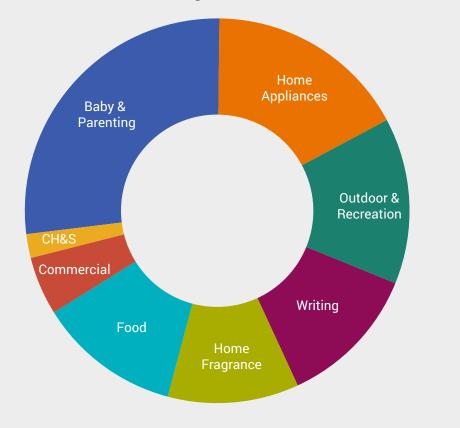
Continued momentum in Food, Dollar and Home Center channels

Focused on enhancing customer service levels

Capitalizing on a Shift Toward Online Shopping from a Position of Strength



eCommerce Sales by Business Unit in 2020



Growing eCommerce, Developing Omni-Channel Prowess

Channel Management

- Deliver integrated 360 marketing campaigns by focusing on end-to-end consumer/shopper journey
- Distribute more content with faster cycle times: focus on ratings and reviews
- > Strengthen fulfillment capabilities
- > Expand Brand Ambassador program in 2021, following its launch in 2020
- Integrate brick & mortar and online teams and deliver appropriate assortments









Recent & Upcoming Innovations Across Our Portfolio

Continuous Improvement & Innovation

Yankee Candle® Signature Collection



Rubbermaid[®] Brilliance[™] Pantry



Sharpie® S-GelTM Metal Barrel



Coleman® SKYDOME® Screen Room Tent



Mr. Coffee[®] Iced[™] Coffeemaker



Graco® SlimFit3™ LX 3-in-1 Car Seat



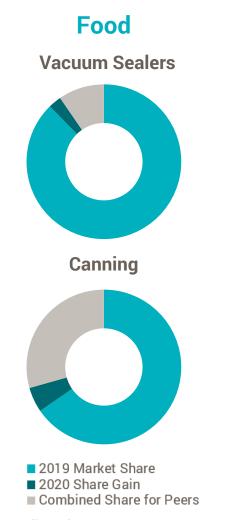
Rubbermaid[®] Premier[™] Step-On Containers



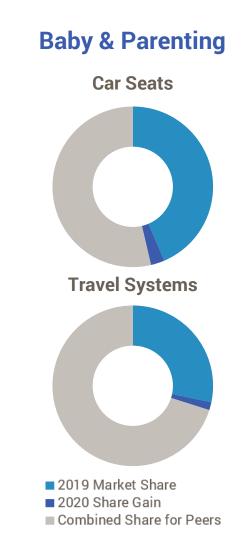
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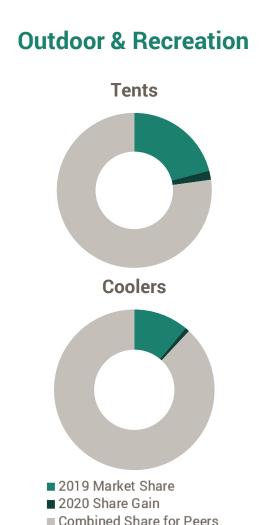
Driving Market Share Gains in Various Categories

Continuous Improvement & Innovation







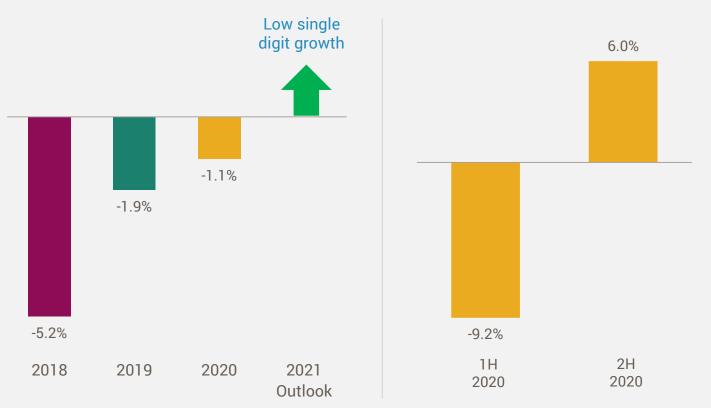


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Source: NPD, IRI

Top Line Improving Sequentially, Expect to Return to Core Sales Growth in 2021

Core Sales Growth



	2020	January 2021
U.S. POS		

Strong consumption trends continuing in 2021

U.S. POS through January 2021

Please see the Appendix for further information and reconciliations, if available, for Core Sales

Drivers of Shareholder Value



Long-Term Strategic Priorities

Sustain top line growth

Strengthen our brands through insights and innovation

Focus on omni-channel initiatives

Begin to unlock international opportunities

Focus on complexity, efficiency, productivity and cash conversion cycle

Galvanize and unify our employees, foster a collaborative, inclusive culture

Our Turnaround Gained Momentum in 2020



Normalized Operating Margin Moving Up



Note: 2018 Baseline as presented at CAGNY 2019, prior to reclassification of Rubbermaid Commercial Products, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie to continuing operations Please see the Appendix for further information and reconciliations, if available, for Normalized Operating Margins

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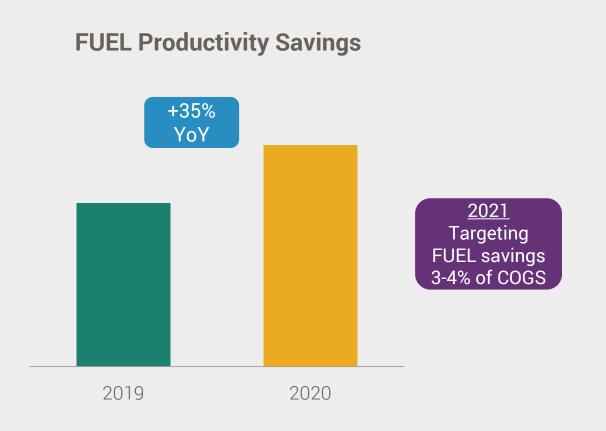
Gross Margin Opportunity Is Meaningful



Note: 2019 and 2020 figures are normalized; 2018 Baseline as presented at CAGNY 2019, prior to reclassification of Rubbermaid Commercial Products, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie to continuing operations; Benchmark based on representative peer group of consumable and durables companies. © Newell Brands

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FUEL Productivity Gained Momentum in 2020 and Robust Funnel in Place for 2021

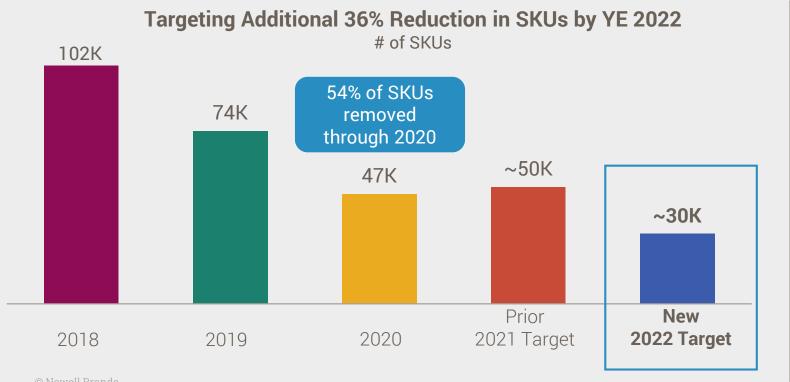


Cross-functional and cross-business unit partnership on savings opportunities in:

- Planning
- Product Value Engineering
- Manufacturing
- > Procurement
- Distribution and Transportation

Resetting the Bar on SKUs Due to Better-Than-Expected Progress Through 2020

- > Greater focus on high velocity SKUs further enabled by COVID-19
- Driving more efficient purchasing, operations, and demand planning



~2X since 2018

Implementing Supply Chain Automation



eCommerce Robotics

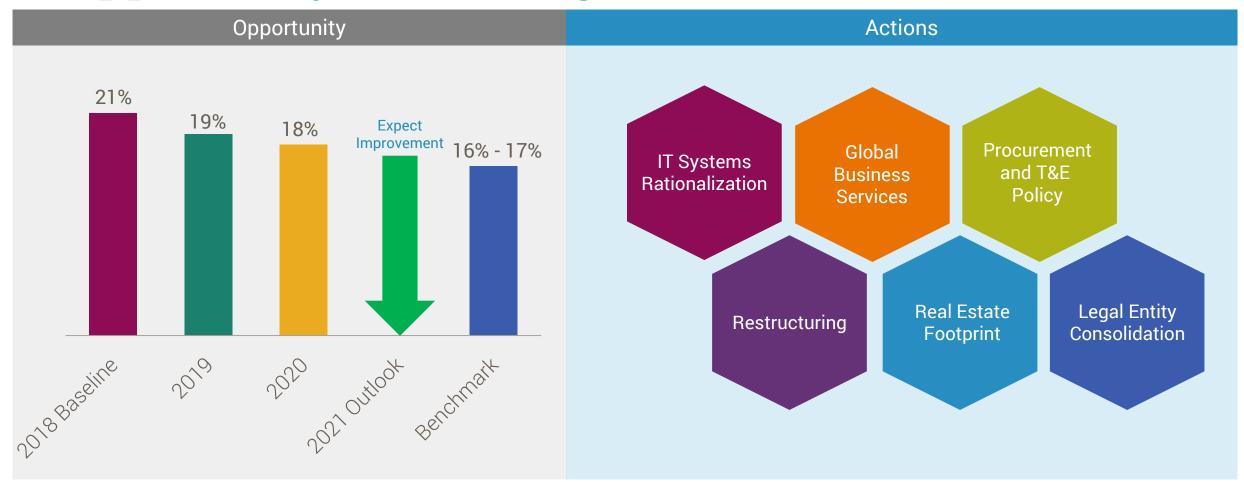
- Went live in Q4 2020
- > 80 robots deployed
- > 60% reduction in walk time
- > 300% improvement in pick rate



Robots / Cobots

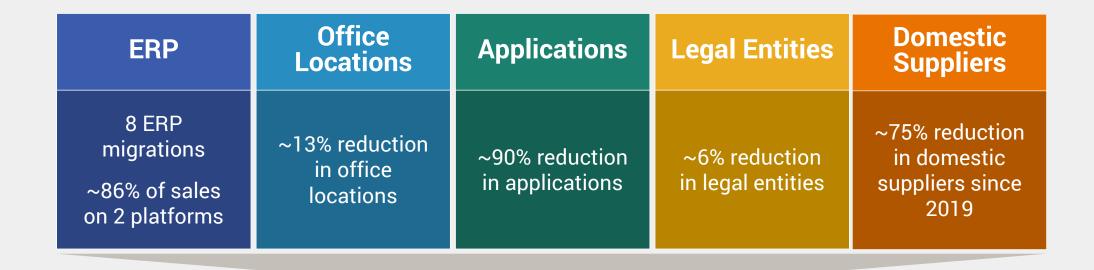
- > 42 robots deployed in 2020
- 200+ robots targeted for 2021
- Cost effective in Mexico operations

Driving Overhead Efficiency with Additional Opportunity Remaining



Note: 2019 and 2020 figures are normalized; 2018 Baseline as presented at CAGNY 2019, prior to reclassification of Rubbermaid Commercial Products, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie to continuing operations; Benchmark based on representative peer group of consumable and durables companies.

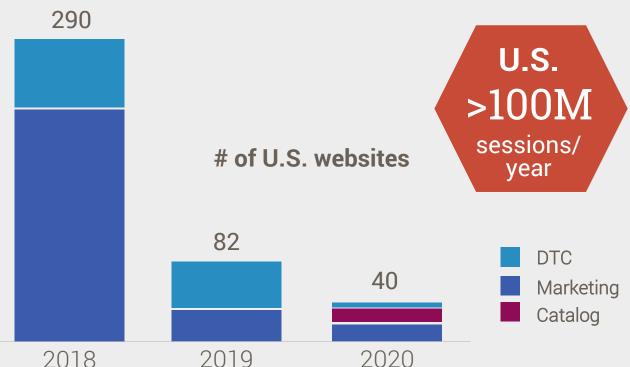
Complexity Reduction Contributing to Overhead Savings Since 2018



In 2020 drove ~\$160M Reduction in Overhead Costs

Digital Tech Re-Platforming On Track

New platform enables significantly improved social listening, consumer insights & analytics, content management, and DTC websites



- Delivering unique and impactful brand experiences
- Exciting omni-channel features seamlessly tying digital and physical spaces together
- Enabling personalized experiences with our consumers
- Converted ~88% of our U.S. websites to the new platform in 2020
- Expect to have all U.S. websites on the new platform by mid 2021
- Page load time, bounce rate and checkout completion rates improving across the site

International phase begins in 2H 2021

Significant Progress on Cash Conversion Cycle, Resetting the Target Lower

	2018 Baseline	2019	2020	Prior Benchmark	New Target
+ Days Sales	78	69	65	-	-
+ Days Inventory	103	92	95	-	-
- Days Payables	66	63	88	-	-
Cash Conversion	115	98	72	70	50

Since 2018:

- Extended payable terms on 170 strategic suppliers and over 2,000 "tail suppliers"
- Faster deduction resolution and process improvements
- Reduced excess and obsolete inventory by over 50%
- Cut ~54% SKUs
- Roll out of integrated business planning and advanced analytics
- Portfolio choices

Note: 2018 Baseline as presented at CAGNY 2019, prior to reclassification of Rubbermaid Commercial Products, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie to continuing operations; Benchmark based on representative peer group of consumable and durables companies

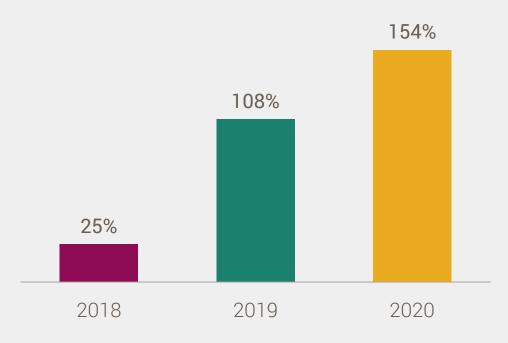
Working Capital Drives Operating Cash Flow Progress



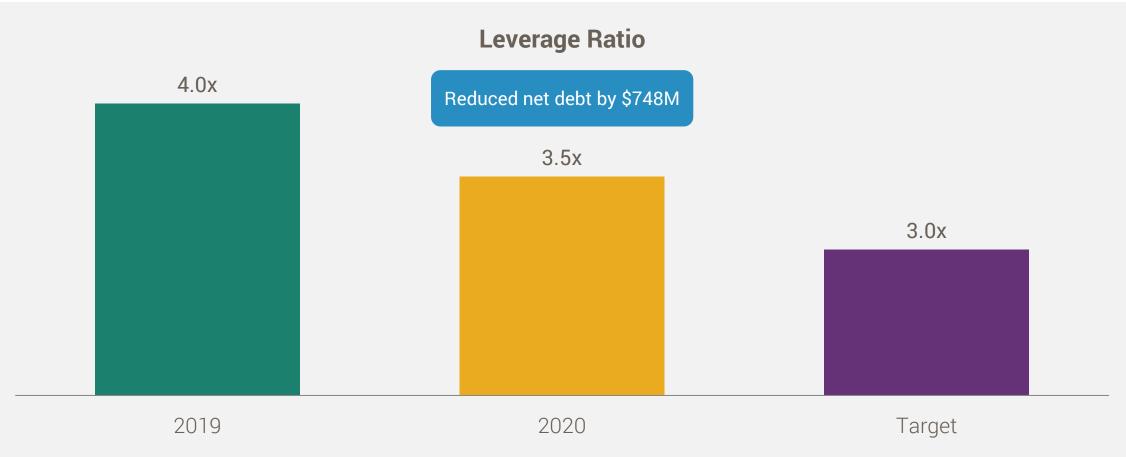
\$1.4B 2020 Operating Cash Flow +37% vs. 2019



Free Cash Flow Productivity



Moving Closer to Leverage Ratio Target

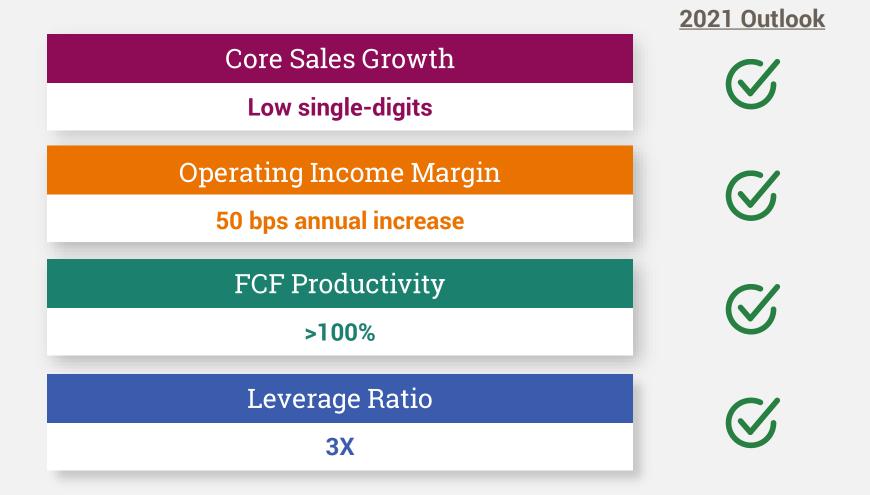


Leverage ratio is a liquidity measure calculated as the ratio of total debt less cash and cash equivalents ("net debt") to normalized EBITDA from continuing operations.

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Long-Term Evergreen Targets



Key Messages

Focused on sustaining core sales growth and gaining market share

Closing margin gaps vs. benchmarks

Strong cash flow generation driving balance sheet improvement

Raising the bar on complexity reduction and cash conversion cycle

Unifying employees behind noble purpose and values





Non-GAAP and Other Information

This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures within the meaning of Regulation G promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and includes a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP.

The company uses certain non-GAAP financial measures that are included in this presentation and the additional financial information both to explain its results to stockholders and the investment community and in the internal evaluation and management of its businesses. The company's management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures and the information they provide are useful to investors since these measures (a) permit investors to view the company's performance and liquidity using the same tools that management uses to evaluate the company's past performance, reportable business segments, prospects for future performance and liquidity, and (b) determine certain elements of management incentive compensation.

The company's management believes that core sales provides a more complete understanding of underlying sales trends by providing sales on a consistent basis as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, planned and completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, certain market exits, impact of customer returns related to a product recall in Outdoor and Recreation segment, and changes in foreign exchange from year-over-year comparisons. The effect of changes in foreign exchange on reported sales is calculated by applying the prior year average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures), with the difference between the 2020 reported sales and constant currency sales presented as the foreign exchange impact increase or decrease in core sales. The company's management believes that "normalized" gross margin, "normalized" operating margin, "normalized BITDA", "normalized EBITDA from continuing operations", "normalized" net income, "normalized" diluted earnings per share, "normalized" interest and "normalized" tax benefits, which exclude restructuring and restructuring-related expenses and one-time and other events such as costs related to the extinguishment of debt, certain tax benefits and charges, impairment charges, pension settlement charges, divestiture costs, costs related to the acquisition, integration and financing of acquired businesses, amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets, inflationary adjustments, expenses related to certain product recalls and certain other items give effect to the company's decision not to sell the Commercial, Mapa and Quickie businesses. "Normalized EBITDA from continuing operations and liquidity. On a pro forma basis, "normalized" items give effect to the company's decision not to sell the Commercial, Mapa and Quickie businesses. "Normalized EBITDA from continuing operations" is an ongoing liquidity measure (that excludes non-cash items) and is calculated as pro forma normalized earning

The company has presented forward-looking statements regarding core sales and normalized operating margin which are derived by excluding certain amounts, expenses or income from the corresponding financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. The determination of the amounts that are excluded from these non-GAAP financial measures is a matter of management judgement and depends upon, among other factors, the nature of the underlying expense or income amounts recognized in a given period. We are unable to present a quantitative reconciliation of forward-looking core sales and normalized operating margin to their most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP financial measures because such information is not available, and management cannot reliably predict all of the necessary components of such GAAP measures without unreasonable effort of expense.

The company determines the tax effect of the items excluded from normalized diluted earnings per share by applying the estimated effective rate for the applicable jurisdiction in which the pre-tax items were incurred, and for which realization of the resulting tax benefit, if any, is expected. In certain situations in which an item excluded from normalized results impacts income tax expense, the company utilizes a "with" and "without" approach to determine normalized income tax benefit or expense. The company will also exclude one-time tax expenses related to a change in tax status of certain entities and the loss of GILTI tax credits as a result of utilizing the 50% IRC Section 163(j) limit resulting from the CARES Act to determine normalized income tax benefit.

While the company believes these non-GAAP financial measures are useful in evaluating the company's performance and liquidity, this information should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as a substitute for or superior to the related financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Additionally, these non-GAAP financial measures may differ from similar measures presented by other companies.

Consistent with prior presentations, for all reported periods, SKU count excludes Technical Apparel, third-party items sold through the Yankee Candle flagship store, and Mapa Professional.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Items in 2018

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

CERTAIN LINE ITEMS

(Amounts in millions, except per share data)

Twelve months ended December 31, 2018

						,		
	GAAP Measure Reported	Restructuring and restructuring related costs [1]	Acquisition amortization and impairment [2]	Transactions and related costs [3]	Other items [4]	Normalized*	on-GAAP Measure Proforma Adjustment [5]	es Proforma
Net sales	\$ 10,154.0	s —	<u>s</u> —	<u>s</u> —	s —	\$ 10,154.0	s —	\$ 10,154.0
Cost of products sold	6,636.3	_	_	_	10.5	6,646.8	27.0	6,673.8
Gross profit	3,517.7				(10.5)	3,507.2	(27.0)	3,480.2
	34.6 %					34.5%		34.39
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,647.8	(11.1)	(132.8)	(33.6)	(42.2)	2,428.1	4.1	2,432.2
	26.1 %					23.9%		24.09
Restructuring costs, net	86.8	(86.8)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Impairment charges	8,337.1	_	(8,337.1)	_	_	_	_	_
Operating income (loss)	(7,554.0)	97.9	8,469.9	33.6	31.7	1,079.1	(31.1)	1,048.0
	(74.4)%					10.6%		10.39
Non-operating (income) expense, net	437.7	_	_	1.9	5.9	445.5	_	445.5
Income (loss) before income taxes	(7,991.7)	97.9	8,469.9	31.7	25.8	633.6	(31.1)	602.5
Income tax provision (benefit) [6]	(1,358.9)	(10.8)	1,210.0	14.6	65.5	(79.6)	(8.5)	(88.1)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(6,632.8)	108.7	7,259.9	17.1	(39.7)	713.2	(22.6)	690.6
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(309.7)	(19.3)	1,427.6	(635.9)	13.0	475.7	_	475.7
Net income (loss)	\$ (6,942.5)	\$ 89.4	\$ 8,687.5	\$ (618.8)	\$ (26.7)	\$ 1,188.9	\$ (22.6)	\$ 1,166.3
Diluted earnings (loss) per share **	\$ (14.65)	\$ 0.19	\$ 18.32	\$ (1.30)	\$ (0.06)	\$ 2.51	\$ (0.05)	\$ 2.46
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^{*} Normalized results are financial measures that are not in accordance with GAAP and exclude the above normalized adjustments. See below for a discussion of each of these adjustments.

- 1) Restructuring costs primarily associated with the Accelerated Transformation Plan of \$101.1 million (\$3.2 million of which is reported in discontinued operations).
- 2) Acquisition amortization costs of \$172.3 million (\$39.5 million of which is reported in discontinued operations); impairment charges of \$9.8 billion (\$5.1 billion related to goodwill, \$4.7 billion related to other intangible assets and \$41.1 million, primarily related to Home Fragrance fixed assets impairments), of which \$1.5 billion was reported in discontinued operations primarily related to goodwill impairment attributable to businesses held for sale.
- Acquisition related costs of \$15.4 million; divestiture costs of \$62.2 million (\$44.0 million of which is reported in discontinued operations) primarily related to the planned and completed divestitures. Reported in continuing operations is a gain of \$0.6 million for a working capital adjustment related to the Tools business and gain of \$1.3 million related to a sale of a small subsidiary. Reported in discontinued operations is a gain of \$599.0 million related to the sale of the Waddington business, gain of \$20.2 million related to the sale of Goody, gain of \$371.6 million related to the sale of Pure Fishing business, loss of \$127.7 million related to the sale of the Rawlings business, loss of \$32.1 million related to the sale of the Jostens business.
- 4) Fire-related losses, net of insurance recoveries of \$(10.5) million in the Writing business; \$25.5 million of bad debt related to a customer in the Baby business; \$16.7 million of costs related to the proxy contest; \$11.3 million gain on legacy Jarden investment; \$1.6 million of pension settlement costs (\$0.3 million of which is reported in discontinued operations); debt extinguishment costs, net of \$4.1 million, consisting of non-cash write-offs of \$46.6 million of deferred debt issue costs and \$5.2 million of fees, partially offset by \$47.7 million non-cash settlement gains for payoff of debt below its carrying value and \$55.2 million tax provision in continuing operations for recognition of deferred taxes primarily related to statutory rate changes and adjustments to the Company's 2017 transition tax estimate and \$12.6 million tax benefit reported in discontinued operations related to the difference between the book and tax basis in the Fishing, Jostens, Gaming and Process Solutions businesses.
- 5) Depreciation and amortization expense related to the Commercial Business, and the Mapa and Quickie businesses that would have been recorded had they been continuously classified as held and used.
- The Company determined the tax effect of the items excluded from normalized results by applying the estimated effective rate for the applicable jurisdiction in which the pre-tax items were incurred, and for which realization of the resulting tax benefit, if any, is expected. In certain situations in which an item excluded from normalized results impacts income tax expense, the Company uses a "with" and "without" approach to determine normalized income tax expense.

^{**}Adjustments and normalized earnings per share are calculated based on diluted weighted average shares of 474.3 million shares for the twelve months ended December 31, 2018. Totals may not add due to rounding.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Items in 2019

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) CERTAIN LINE ITEMS

(Amounts in millions, except per share data)

	Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019														
		AAP	Res	tructuring	Acqui	sition	Tran	sactions				N	Ion-GA.	AP Measure	
	M	Measure res				amortization and		and related		Other			Pr	roforma	
	Re			related costs impairment [1] [2]		costs [3]		items [4]		Normalized*		Adj	ustments [5]	Proforma	
Net sales	\$	9,715	\$	_	\$		\$	_	S	_	\$	9,715	\$	– \$	9,715
Cost of products sold		6,496		(16)						(73)		6,407		21	6,428
Gross profit		3,219		16				_		73		3,308		(21)	3,287
		33.1 %										34.1 %			33.8 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses		2,451		(39)		(131)		(30)		(15)		2,236		2	2,238
		25.2 %										23.0 %			23.0 %
Restructuring costs, net		27		(27)		_		_		_		_		_	_
Impairment of goodwill, intangibles and other assets		1,223		_		(1,223)				_		_		_	
Operating income (loss)		(482)		82		1,354		30		88		1,072		(23)	1,049
		(5.0)%										11.0 %			10.8 %
Non-operating (income) expense		370		_		_		_		(57)		313		_	313
Income (loss) before income taxes		(852)		82		1,354		30		145		759		(23)	736
Income tax provision (benefit) [6]		(1,038)		19		293		7		784		65		(6)	59
Income (loss) from continuing operations		186		63		1,061		23		(639)		694		(17)	677
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax		(79)				84		47		(7)		45		_	45
Net income (loss)	\$	107	\$	63	\$	1,145	\$	70	\$	(646)	\$	739	\$	(17) \$	722
Diluted earnings (loss) per share **	\$	0.25	\$	0.15	\$	2.70	\$	0.17	\$	(1.52)	\$	1.74	\$	(0.04) \$	1.70

^{*} Normalized results are financial measures that are not in accordance with GAAP and exclude the above normalized adjustments. See below for a discussion of each of these adjustments.

- 1) Restructuring and restructuring related costs of \$82 million.
- Acquisition amortization costs of \$131 million; impairment charges of approximately \$1.3 billion primarily related to tradenames, customer relationships and goodwill, \$112 million of which was reported in discontinued operations.
- Divestiture costs of \$34 million (\$5 million of which is reported in discontinued operations) primarily related to planned and completed divestitures; acquisition related costs of \$1 million and a nominal net gain on disposition of businesses, reported in discontinued operations.
- Cumulative depreciation and amortization catch-up of \$55 million related to the inclusion of the Rubbermaid Commercial Products, Rubbermaid Outdoor, Closet, Refuse and Garage businesses, Mapa and Quickie businesses ("Commercial Products, Rubbermaid Commercial Products, Rubbermaid Comme Business") in continuing operations; a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$28 million; loss of \$21 million due to changes in the fair value of certain investments; \$20 million related to a product recall; Argentina hyperinflationary adjustment of \$12 million; \$8 million fees for certain legal proceedings; \$1 million loss on pension settlement charge and net tax adjustment primarily related to foreign and state tax impacts of offshore earnings and a withholding tax refund from Switzerland. Includes an income tax benefit of \$522 million related to the deferred tax effects associated with the internal realignment of certain intellectual property rights as well as an income tax benefit of \$227 million associated with a taxable loss related to the impairment of certain assets.
- Depreciation and amortization expense related to the Commercial Business that would have been recorded had the businesses been continuously classified as held and used.
- 6) The Company determined the tax effect of the items excluded from normalized results by applying the estimated effective rate for the applicable jurisdiction in which the pre-tax items were incurred, and for which realization of the resulting 37 tax benefit, if any, is expected. In certain situations in which an item excluded from normalized results impacts income tax expense, the Company uses a "with" and "without" approach to determine normalized income tax expense.

^{**}Adjustments and normalized earnings per share are calculated based on diluted weighted average shares of 423.9 million shares for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019. Totals may not add due to rounding.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Items in 2020

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) CERTAIN LINE ITEMS

(Amounts in millions, except per share data)

Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2020

					IWEIVE	Months End	eu De	tember 31, 2020				
		GAAP	Restructuring Acquisition			cquisition	7	Transactions				Non-GAAP
		Measure	and restr	ucturing	amor	rtization and		and		Other		Measure
				related costs [1]		impairment [2]		related costs [3]		items [4]]	Normalized*
Net sales	s	9,385	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	s	9,385
Cost of products sold		6,306		(4)		_				(6)		6,296
Gross profit		3,079		4		_		_		6		3,089
		32.8 %										32.9 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses		2,189		(19)		(99)		(4)		(16)		2,051
		23.3 %										21.9 %
Restructuring costs, net		21		(21)		_		_		_		_
Impairment of goodwill, intangibles and other assets		1,503		_		(1,503)		_		_		_
Operating income (loss)		(634)		44		1,602		4		22		1,038
		(6.8)%										11.1 %
Non-operating (income) expense		372		1		_		(9)		(76)		288
Income (loss) before income taxes		(1,006)		43		1,602		13		98		750
Income tax provision (benefit) [5]		(236)		(1)		232		1		(6)		(10)
Net income (loss)	s	(770)	\$	44	S	1,370	\$	12	S	104	\$	760
Diluted earnings (loss) per share **	\$	(1.82)	\$	0.10	\$	3.22	\$	0.03	\$	0.24	\$	1.79

^{*} Normalized results are financial measures that are not in accordance with GAAP and exclude the above normalized adjustments. See below for a discussion of each of these adjustments.

- Restructuring and restructuring related costs of \$43 million.
- 2) Acquisition amortization costs of \$99 million; impairment charges of approximately \$1.5 billion related to goodwill, other intangible assets and other assets.
- 3) Divestiture costs of \$4 million primarily related to completed divestitures and loss on disposition of \$9 million related to the sale of a product line in the Learning and Development segment.
- 4) Pension settlement charge of \$53 million; \$20 million of debt extinguishment costs; \$16 million of fees for certain legal proceedings; Argentina hyperinflationary adjustment of \$7 million and \$2 million related to product recall costs. Includes income tax expense of \$53 million for a reduction in valuation allowance related to integration of certain U.S. operations, partially offset by \$47 million of deferred tax effects associated with certain outside basis difference, \$20 million related to change in tax status of certain entities and \$5 million for effects of adopting the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security ("CARES") Act.
- 5) The Company determined the tax effect of the items excluded from normalized results by applying the estimated effective rate for the applicable jurisdiction in which the pre-tax items were incurred, and for which realization of the resulting 38 tax benefit, if any, is expected. In certain situations in which an item excluded from normalized results impacts income tax expense, the Company uses a "with" and "without" approach to determine normalized income tax expense.

^{**}Adjustments and normalized earnings per share are calculated based on diluted weighted average shares of 425.2 million shares for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020. Totals may not add due to rounding.

Reconciliation of Gross Margin in 2018

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

GROSS MARGIN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Amounts in millions)

Net sales (1)	\$	8,631	
Adjust for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2)		1,523	
As recasted (2)	\$	10,154	
	٨	0.000	
Gross profit (1)	\$	3,009	
Normalization adjustments (2) (3)		(11)	
Normalized gross profit and margin (3)		2,998	34.7%
Adjustments for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2)	509	
Proforma adjustments (2) (4)		(27)	
As recasted, proforma gross profit and margin (2)	\$	3,480	34.3%

- (1) As reported on the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.
- (2) As recasted on the Company's Form 8-K filed on February 10, 2020.
- (3) As presented at CAGNY in 2019 and on the Company's Form 8-K for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2018, furnished on February 15, 2019.
- (4) Depreciation and amortization expense related to the Commercial Business, and the Mapa and Quickie businesses that would have been recorded had they been continuously classified as held and used.

Reconciliation of Gross Margin in 2019

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

GROSS MARGIN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Amounts in millions)

Net sales (1)	\$ 9,715	
Gross profit (1) Normalization adjustments (2)	\$ 3,219 89	
Normalized gross profit and margin (3)	 3,308	34.1%
Proforma adjustments (2) (3) As recasted, proforma gross profit and margin (2)	\$ (21) 3,287	33.8%

- (1) As reported on the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.
- (2) As reported on the Company's Form 8-K furnished on February 14, 2020.
- (3) Depreciation and amortization expense related to the Commercial Business, and the Mapa and Quickie businesses that would have been recorded had they been continuously classified as held and used.

Reconciliation of Overhead in 2019 and 2018

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

OVERHEAD RECONCILIATION
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

(Amounts in millions)

For the year ended December 31, 2018:				
Net sales (1)	\$	8,631		
Adjust for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2)		1,523		
As recasted (2)	\$	10,154		
Selling, general and administrative expenses - as adjusted (1)	\$	2,216		
Less: Advertising and promotion costs (3)	Ÿ	(374)		
OVERHEAD (AS ADJUSTED) (3)	\$	1,842	21.3%	
Selling, general and administrative expenses - as adjusted (1)	\$	2,216		
Adjust for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2)	•	213		
Proforma adjustments for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2)		3		130 bps
Proforma selling, general and administrative expenses (2)		2,432		from portfolio
Less: Advertising and promotion costs (3)		(374)		decisions
Less: Advertising and promotion costs related to Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business		(23)		
OVERHEAD (AS ADJUSTED)	\$	2,035	20.0%	
For the year ended December 31, 2019:				
Net sales (4)	\$	9,715		
Selling, general and administrative expenses - as reported (4)	\$	2,451		101 bps
Proforma adjustments (4)		(213)		operating
Proforma selling, general and administrative expenses (4)		2,238		improvement
Less: Advertising and promotion costs	•	(389)		
OVERHEAD (AS ADJUSTED)	\$	1,849	19.0%	
		IMPR	OVEMENT	231 bps
			O IVI - I V I	201 bp3

- (1) As presented on the Company's Form 8-K for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2018, furnished on February 15, 2019.
- (2) As recasted on the Company's Form 8-K filed on February 10, 2020.
- (3) As presented at CAGNY in 2019.
- (4) As presented on the Company's Form 8-K for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2019, furnished on February 14, 2020.

Reconciliation of Overhead in 2020

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

OVERHEAD RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

(Amounts in millions)

Net s	ales (1)	\$ 9,385	
Sellin	g, general and administrative expenses - as reported (1)	\$ 2,189	
Norm	alization adjustments (1)	(138)	
Norm	alized selling, general and administrative expenses (1)	2,051	
Less:	Advertising and promotion costs	(362)	
OVER	RHEAD (As adjusted)	\$ 1,689	18.0%

(1) As reported on the Company's Form 8-K furnished on February 12, 2021.

Reconciliation of Operating Margin in 2018

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

OPERATING MARGIN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Amounts in millions)

Net sales (1)	\$ 8,631	
Adjust for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2)	1,523	
As recasted (2)	\$ 10,154	
Operating loss (1)	\$ (7,828)	
Normalization adjustments (3) (4)	 8,610	
Normalized operating income (3)	782	9.1%
Adjustments for the inclusion of Commercial Business, Mapa/Spontex and Quickie business (2)	274	
Proforma adjustments (2) (5)	(8)	
As recasted, proforma operating income and margin (3)	\$ 1,048	10.3%

- (1) As reported on the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.
- (2) As recasted on the Company's Form 8-K furnished on February 10, 2020.
- (3) As presented on the Company's Form 8-K for the quarter and year ended December 31, 2018, furnished on February 15, 2019.
- (4) As presented at CAGNY in 2019.
- (5) Depreciation and amortization expense of \$31 million related to the Commercial Business, and the Mapa and Quickie businesses that would have been recorded had they been continuously classified as held and used.

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Reconciliation of Operating Margin in 2019

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

OPERATING MARGIN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(Amounts in millions)

Net sales (1)	\$ 9,715	
Operating loss (1)	\$ (482)	
Normalization adjustments (1)	 1,554	
Normalized operating income (1)	 1,072	
Proforma adjustments (2)	 (23)	
Proforma operating income (1)	\$ 1,049	10.8%

- (1) As reported on the Company's Form 8-K furnished on February 14, 2020.
- (2) Depreciation and amortization expense related to the Commercial Business, and the Mapa and Quickie businesses that would have been recorded had they been continuously classified as held and used.

Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 2018

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

in		

		De	cember 31, 2	2018	December 31, 2017								
	2018 Net Sales (REPORTED)	Acquisitions and Divestitures, Net [1] [2]	Net Sales Base Business	Currency Impact	2018 Core Sales	Net	2017 t Sales [4]	Divestitures and Other, Net [1]	ASC 606 Revenue Recognition Adjustments [3]	2017 Core Sales		Increase (De Core Sal \$	
FOOD AND APPLIANCES	2,699.1	(30.8)	2,668.3	32.6	2,700.9	:	2,921.1	(2.9)	(105.7)	2,812.5		(111.6)	(4.0)%
HOME AND OUTDOOR LIVING	2,946.7	(65.3)	2,881.4	(14.0)	2,867.4		3,114.1	(44.5)	(65.1)	3,004.5		(137.1)	(4.6)%
LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT	2,981.6	(3.3)	2,978.3	(1.6)	2,976.7	;	3,269.1	(16.3)	(53.3)	3,199.5		(222.8)	(7.0)%
OTHER	3.5	(3.5)	-	-	_		247.7	(245.6)	(2.5)	(0.4)		0.4	(100.0)%
TOTAL COMPANY	\$ 8,630.9	\$ (102.9)	\$ 8,528.0	\$ 17.0 \$	8,545.0	\$	9,552.0	\$ (309.3)	\$ (226.6) \$	9,016.1	\$	(471.1)	(5.2)%

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY (UNAUDITED)

			De	cember 31, 2	2018				December	 			
	N	2018 et Sales PORTED)	Acquisitions and Divestitures, Net [1] [2]	Net Sales Base Business	Currency Impact	2018 Core Sales	_	2017 Net Sales [4]	Divestitures and Other, Net [1]	ASC 606 Revenue Recognition Adjustments [3]	2017 Core Sales	 Increase (Dec Core Sale \$,
NORTH AMERICA		6,202.4	(62.8)	6,139.6	0.4	6,140.0		6,936.4	(175.7)	(190.6)	6,570.1	(430.1)	(6.5)%
EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST, AFRICA		1,096.1	(13.2)	1,082.9	(37.8)	1,045.1		1,215.6	(79.7)	(15.7)	1,120.2	(75.1)	(6.7)%
LATIN AMERICA		647.8	(0.1)	647.7	50.8	698.5		679.7	(8.9)	(12.0)	658.8	39.7	6.0 %
ASIA PACIFIC		684.6	(26.8)	657.8	3.6	661.4		720.3	(45.0)	(8.3)	667.0	(5.6)	(0.8)%
TOTAL COMPANY	\$	8,630.9	\$ (102.9)	\$ 8,528.0	\$ 17.0 \$	\$ 8,545.0	\$	9,552.0	\$ (309.3)	\$ (226.6) \$	9,016.1	\$ (471.1)	(5.2)%

"Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-over-year comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, changes in foreign currency and the impact of the adoption of revenue recognition standard ASC 606 as of January 1, 2018. Core Sales Increases/(Decreases) excludes the impact of currency, acquisitions and divestitures.

- [1] Divestitures include actual divestitures of Tools (excluding Dymo Industrial Labelling) in the first quarter of 2017; Fire Building, Lehigh® and Teutonia® businesses in the second quarter of 2017; two winter sports units, Völkl® and K2® products and a remaining portion of the Rubbermaid® Consumer Storage business during the third quarter of 2017; the exit of a distribution agreement with Sprue Aegis during the first quarter of 2018; the transition of regional sales to a licensing arrangement for Graco® within the European region entered into during the third quarter of 2018 and the removal of specialized writing sales associated with the Bond® brand in anticipation of closing the business.
- [2] Acquisitions exclude net sales until the one year anniversary of their respective dates of acquisition, comprised of Chesapeake® Bay Candle and Sistema®. Since the completion of the Jarden acquisition and consistent with standard retail practice, the Home Fragrance and the Outdoor and Recreation businesses in the Home and Outdoor Living segment exclude net sales from retail store openings until the one year anniversary of their opening dates and current and prior period net sales from retail store closures from the decision date to close through their closing dates.
- [3] "Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2018 reported sales and is calculated as the difference between the 2018 reported sales and by applying the prior year average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures).
- [4] The Company has revised the classification of certain items, principally related to customer supply chain related payments, formerly included in costs of goods sold. The impact to net sales for the twelve months ended December 31, 2017 was a decrease of \$40.1 million.
- [5] Certain costs and cash payments made to customers previously recorded in costs of products sold and selling, general and administrative expenses have been reclassified against sales as they do not meet the specific criteria of providing a distinct good or service under the new guidance ASC 606.

Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 2019

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT

(Amounts in millions)

Twelve months ended December 31, 2019

Twelve months ended December 31, 2018

APPLIANCES AND COOKWARE
FOOD AND COMMERCIAL
HOME AND OUTDOOR LIVING
LEARNING AND DEVELOPMEN
OTHER

	2019 Net Sales EPORTED)	Acquisitions, Divestitures and Other, Net	Net Sales Base Business	Currency Impact	2019 Core Sales	,	2018 Net Sales	Divestitures and Other, Net	2018 Core Sales	Increase (Dec Core Sale	es
(KI	EPORTED)	[2]	Base Business	[3]	[1]		REPORTED)	[2]	[1]	 \$	%
\$	1,691.0	\$ -	\$ 1,691.0	\$ 35.4	\$ 1,726.4	\$	1,818.6	\$ - 5	1,818.6	\$ (92.2)	(5.1)%
	2,243.9	(811.9)	1,432.0	17.5	1,449.5		2,403.6	(887.5)	1,516.1	(66.6)	(4.4)%
	2,823.4	12.6	2,836.0	34.1	2,870.1		2,946.7	(34.8)	2,911.9	(41.8)	(1.4)%
	2,956.6	(67.8)	2,888.8	43.3	2,932.1		2,981.6	(79.3)	2,902.3	29.8	1.0 %
	-	-			-		3.5	(3.5)	-	-	- %
\$	9,714.9	\$ (867.1)	\$ 8,847.8	\$ 130.3	\$ 8,978.1	\$	10,154.0	\$ (1,005.1)	9,148.9	\$ (170.8)	(1.9)%

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY

Twelve months ended December 31, 2019

Twelve months ended December 31, 2018

2019 Net Sales	Acquisitions, Divestitures and Other, Net	Net Sales	Currency Impact	2019 Core Sales	2018 Net Sales	ı	Divestitures and Other, Net	2018 Core Sales	Increase (Dec	es
 (REPORTED)	[2]	Base Business	[3]	[1]	 (REPORTED)		[2]	[1]	 \$	%
\$ 6,920.1	(561.2) \$	6,358.9	\$ 8.1	\$ 6,367.0	\$ 7,263.6	\$	(652.4) \$	6,611.2	\$ (244.2)	(3.7)%
1,397.8	(241.4)	1,156.4	56.1	1,212.5	1,462.9		(277.1)	1,185.8	26.7	2.3 %
702.3	(44.9)	657.4	49.1	706.5	709.2		(48.9)	660.3	46.2	7.0 %
694.7	(19.6)	675.1	17.0	692.1	718.3		(26.7)	691.6	0.5	0.1 %
\$ 9,714.9	(867.1) \$	8,847.8	\$ 130.3	\$ 8,978.1	\$ 10,154.0	\$	(1,005.1) \$	9,148.9	\$ (170.8)	(1.9)%

NORTH AMERICA EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST, AFRICA LATIN AMERICA ASIA PACIFIC

^{[1] &}quot;Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-over-year comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, changes in foreign currency. Core Sales Increases/(Decreases) excludes the impact of currency, acquisitions and divestitures.

Divestitures include the exit of a distribution agreement with FireAngel (formerly Sprue Aegis) during the first quarter of 2018, the transition of direct sales to a licensing arrangement for Graco® within the European region entered into during the third quarter of 2018, the removal of specialized writing sales associated with the Bond® brand in anticipation of exiting the business, the planned exit of the North American distributorship of Uniball® Products and, consistent with standard retail practice, current and prior period net sales from retail store closures from the decision date to close through their closing dates. Divestitures also include 2019 sales of the Commercial Business for the first, second and third quarters, based on timing of when the Company decided to retain and reclass them to continuing operations. Results for 2019 also exclude the impact of customer returns related to a product recall in Home and Outdoor Living segment.

^{[3] &}quot;Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2019 reported sales and is calculated as the difference between the 2019 reported sales and by applying the prior year average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures).

Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 1H 2020

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (UNAUDITED)

(Amounts in millions)

			Six Mo	nths	Ended June 30), 20:	20			 Six Mo	nths	Ended June 30	0, 20	19	 Core Sal	es
	2020 let Sales EPORTED)	Dive	quisitions, stitures and er, Net [2]	Ва	Net Sales ase Business	Cui	rrency Impact [3]	С	2020 ore Sales [1]	2019 let Sales EPORTED)		restitures and Other, Net [2]	Co	2019 ore Sales [1]	\$	%
APPLIANCES AND COOKWARE	\$ 650	\$	-	\$	650	\$	36	\$	686	\$ 692	\$	-	\$	692	\$ (6)	(0.9)%
COMMERCIAL SOLUTIONS	826		-		826		18		844	868		-		868	(24)	(2.8)%
HOME SOLUTIONS	702		(1)		701		6		707	743		(13)		730	(23)	(3.2)%
LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT	1,159		(4)		1,155		14		1,169	1,430		(34)		1,396	(227)	(16.3)%
OUTDOOR AND RECREATION	660		1		661		8		669	789		13		802	(133)	(16.6)%
TOTAL COMPANY	\$ 3,997	\$	(4)	\$	3,993	\$	82	\$	4,075	\$ 4,522	\$	(34)	\$	4,488	\$ (413)	(9.2)%

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY (UNAUDITED)

	 		Six Mo	nths Ended .	June 3	0, 202	20			Six Mo	nths E	Ended June 30	, 2019)	 Core Sal	,
	2020 et Sales PORTED)	Dive	quisitions, stitures and er, Net [2]	Net Sal Base Busi		Cur	rency Impact [3]	Co	2020 re Sales [1]	2019 et Sales PORTED)		estitures and Other, Net [2]		2019 e Sales [1]	\$	%
NORTH AMERICA	\$ 2,854	\$	(4)	\$ 2	2,850	\$	4	\$	2,854	\$ 3,176	\$	(32)	\$	3,144	\$ (290)	(9.2)%
EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST, AFRICA	600		-		600		15		615	684		(1)		683	(68)	(10.0)%
LATIN AMERICA	264		-		264		58		322	312		(1)		311	11	<i>3.5</i> %
ASIA PACIFIC	 279		-		279		5		284	 350		-		350	(66)	(18.9)%
TOTAL COMPANY	\$ 3,997	\$	(4)	\$ 3	,993	\$	82	\$	4,075	\$ 4,522	\$	(34)	\$	4,488	\$ (413)	(9.2)%

^{[1] &}quot;Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-over-year comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, changes in foreign currency. Core Sales Increases/(Decreases) excludes the impact of currency, acquisitions and divestitures.

Increase (Decrease)

Increase (Decrease)

^[2] Divestitures include the exit of the North American distributorship of Uniball® Products and, consistent with standard retail practice, current and prior period net sales from retail store closures from the decision date to close through their closing dates.

^{[3] &}quot;Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2020 reported sales and is calculated as the difference between the 2020 reported sales and by applying the prior year average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures).

Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 2H 2020

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (UNAUDITED)

(Amounts in millions)

			Six Montl	hs Er	nded December	r 31,	2020			 Six Montl	ns Er	ded December	r 31	, 2019	 Core Sale	es
	2020 Net Sales EPORTED)	Dive	equisitions, estitures and ner, Net [2]	Ва	Net Sales ase Business	Cu	rrency Impact [3]	C	2020 ore Sales [1]	2019 Net Sales EPORTED)		vestitures and Other, Net [2]	C	2019 Core Sales [1]	\$	%
APPLIANCES AND COOKWARE	\$ 1,056	\$	-	\$	1,056	\$	41	\$	1,097	\$ 1,000	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$ 97	9.7 %
COMMERCIAL SOLUTIONS	1,033		-		1,033		-		1,033	911		(1)		910	123	13.5 %
HOME SOLUTIONS	1,269		(2)		1,267		(10)		1,257	1,132		(44)		1,088	169	15.5 %
LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT	1,398		(6)		1,392		(9)		1,383	1,526		(52)		1,474	(91)	(6.2)%
OUTDOOR AND RECREATION	632		-		632		4		636	624		3		627	9	1.4 %
TOTAL COMPANY	\$ 5,388	\$	(8)	\$	5,380	\$	26	\$	5,406	\$ 5,193	\$	(94)	\$	5,099	\$ 307	6.0 %

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY (UNAUDITED)

			Six Montl	ns Ended Decer	nber	31, 2	2020			Six Month	ns En	ded December	31, 2	019	 Core Sal	es
	2020 et Sales PORTED)	Dive	quisitions, stitures and er, Net [2]	Net Sales Base Busines	s	Curr	rency Impact [3]	Co	2020 ore Sales [1]	2019 et Sales PORTED)		estitures and Other, Net [2]	Cor	2019 e Sales [1]	\$	%
NORTH AMERICA	\$ 3,819	\$	(8)	\$ 3,8	11	\$	-	\$	3,811	\$ 3,744	\$	(92)	\$	3,652	\$ 159	4.4 %
EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST, AFRICA	794		-	79	94		(37)		757	714		-		714	43	6.0 %
LATIN AMERICA	393		-	39	93		76		469	390		(2)		388	81	20 .9 %
ASIA PACIFIC	 382		-	38	32		(13)		369	345		-		345	 24	7.0 %
TOTAL COMPANY	\$ 5,388	\$	(8)	\$ 5,38	30	\$	26	\$	5,406	\$ 5,193	\$	(94)	\$	5,099	\$ 307	6.0 %

^{[1] &}quot;Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-over-year comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, changes in foreign currency.

Increase (Decrease)

Increase (Decrease)

^[2] Divestitures include the exit of the North American distributorship of Uniball® Products, current and prior period net sales from retail store closures (consistent with standard retail practice), disposition of the foamboards business and exit from Home Fragrance fundraising business.

^{[3] &}quot;Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2020 reported sales and is calculated by applying the 2019 average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures) and comparing to 2020 reported sales.

Reconciliation of Core Sales Growth in 2020

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (UNAUDITED)

(Amounts in millions)

			Twelve Mon	ths Ende	ed Decemb	er 31	1, 2020			 Twelve Mor	ths E	nded Decemb	er 31,	, 2019	 Core Sal	es
	2020 et Sales PORTED)	Dive	quisitions, stitures and er, Net [2]		Sales Susiness	Cui	rrency Impact [3]	Co	2020 ore Sales [1]	 2019 et Sales PORTED)		estitures and Other, Net [2]	Coi	2019 re Sales [1]	 \$	%
APPLIANCES AND COOKWARE	\$ 1,706	\$	-	\$	1,706	\$	77	\$	1,783	\$ 1,692	\$	-	\$	1,692	\$ 91	5.4 %
COMMERCIAL SOLUTIONS	1,859		-		1,859		18		1,877	1,779		(1)		1,778	99	<i>5.6</i> %
HOME SOLUTIONS	1,971		(3)		1,968		(4)		1,964	1,875		(57)		1,818	146	8.0 %
LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT	2,557		(10)		2,547		5		2,552	2,956		(86)		2,870	(318)	(11.1)%
OUTDOOR AND RECREATION	 1,292		1		1,293		12		1,305	 1,413		16		1,429	(124)	(8.7)%
TOTAL COMPANY	\$ 9,385	\$	(12)	\$	9,373	\$	108	\$	9,481	\$ 9,715	\$	(128)	\$	9,587	\$ (106)	(1.1)%

CORE SALES ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY (UNAUDITED)

			Twelve Mon	ths Ended Decem	ber 3	1, 2020			Twelve Mo	nths E	Ended Decembe	er 31,	2019	 Increase (Dec Core Sale	,
	2020 et Sales PORTED)	Dives	uisitions, titures and r, Net [2]	Net Sales Base Business	Cu	ırrency Impact [3]	Co	2020 ore Sales [1]	2019 et Sales PORTED)		estitures and Other, Net [2]	Cor	2019 e Sales [1]	\$	%
NORTH AMERICA	\$ 6,673	\$	(12)	\$ 6,661	\$	4	\$	6,665	\$ 6,920	\$	(124)	\$	6,796	\$ (131)	(1.9)%
EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST, AFRICA	1,394		-	1,394		(22)		1,372	1,398		(1)		1,397	(25)	(1.8)%
LATIN AMERICA	657		-	657		134		791	702		(3)		699	92	13.2 %
ASIA PACIFIC	 661		-	661		(8)		653	695		-		695	(42)	<i>(6.0)%</i>
TOTAL COMPANY	\$ 9,385	\$	(12)	\$ 9,373	\$	108	\$	9,481	\$ 9,715	\$	(128)	\$	9,587	\$ (106)	(1.1)%

^{[1] &}quot;Core Sales" provides a consistent basis for year-over-year comparisons in sales as it excludes the impacts of acquisitions, completed divestitures, retail store openings and closings, changes in foreign currency.

Increase (Decrease)

^[2] Divestitures include the exit of the North American distributorship of Uniball® Products, current and prior period net sales from retail store closures (consistent with standard retail practice), disposition of the foamboards business and exit from Home Fragrance fundraising business.

^{[3] &}quot;Currency Impact" represents the effect of foreign currency on 2020 reported sales and is calculated by applying the 2019 average monthly exchange rates to the current year local currency sales amounts (excluding acquisitions and divestitures) and comparing to 2020 reported sales.

Reconciliation of Free Cash Flow and Free Cash Flow Productivity in 2020, 2019 and 2018

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

FREE CASH FLOW PRODUCTIVITY RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020, 2019 AND 2018

(Amounts in millions)

	Decemb	per 31, 2020	Deceml	per 31, 2019	Decemb	per 31, 2018
FREE CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION:			•			_
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,432	\$	1,044	\$	680
Capital expenditures		(259)		(265)		(384)
FREE CASH FLOW (1)	\$	1,173	\$	779	\$	296
PROFORMA NORMALIZED NET INCOME	\$	760	\$	722	\$	1,166
FREE CASH FLOW PRODUCTIVITY (2)		154%		108%		25%

⁽¹⁾ Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures.

⁽²⁾ Free cash flow productivity is defined as the ratio of free cash flow to normalized net income.

Reconciliation of Net Debt to Normalized EBITDA in 2020 and 2019

NEWELL BRANDS INC.

RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

NET DEBT TO NORMALIZED EBITDA FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS RECONCILIATION

(Amounts in millions)

	Decen	nber 31, 2020	Decen	nber 31, 2019
NET DEBT RECONCILIATION:				
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	\$	466	\$	332
Long-term debt		5,141		5,391
Gross debt		5,607		5,723
Less: Cash and cash equivalents		981		349
NET DEBT [1]	<u>\$</u>	4,626	\$	5,374
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	(770)	\$	186
Normalized items [2]		1,530		491
PROFORMA NORMALIZED INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		760		677
Proforma normalized income tax [3]		(10)		59
Interest expense, net		274		303
Proforma normalized depreciation and amortization [4]		245		251
Stock-based compensation [5]		41		42
NORMALIZED EBITDA FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	\$	1,310	\$	1,332
NET DEBT TO NORMALIZED EBITDA FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS LEVERAGE RATIO [6]		3.5 x		4.0 x

- 1) The Company defines net debt as gross debt less the total of cash and cash equivalents. The Company believes net debt is meaningful to investors as it considers net debt and its components to be an important indicator of liquidity and a guiding measure of capital structure strategy.
- 2) Refer to "Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Information (Unaudited) Certain Line Items" for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 for further information and disclosures on normalized items excluded from income (loss) from continuing operations.
- 3) Refer to "Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Information (Unaudited) Certain Line Items" for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 for further information and disclosures on normalized items excluded from income tax provision (benefits).
- 4) Proforma Normalized Depreciation and Amortization excludes from GAAP depreciation and amortization for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020, the following items: (a) acquisition amortization expense of \$99 million associated with intangible assets recognized in purchase accounting (b) accelerated depreciation and amortization costs of \$13 million associated with restructuring activities. Refer to "Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Information (Unaudited) Certain Line Items" for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020 for further information. Proforma Normalized Depreciation and Amortization excludes from GAAP depreciation and amortization for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, the following items: (c) acquisition amortization expense of \$131 million associated with intangible assets recognized in purchase accounting; (d) cumulative depreciation and amortization cost of \$32 million related to the inclusion of the Commercial Business in continuing operations; (e) accelerated depreciation and amortization costs of \$32 million associated with restructuring activities. Refer to "Reconciliation of GAAP and Non-GAAP Information (Unaudited) Certain Line Items" for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 for further information.
- 5) Represents non-cash expense associated with stock-based compensation from continuing operations.
- 6) The Net Debt to Normalized EBITDA from continuing operations leverage ratio is defined as Net Debt divided by Normalized EBITDA from continuing operations. The Company's debt has certain financial covenants such as debt to equity ratio and interest coverage ratio; however the Net Debt to Normalized EBITDA from continuing operations leverage ratio is used by management as a liquidity measure and is not prescribed in the Company's debt covenants.

